



Junior Hindi Translator Junior Translator and Senior Hindi Translator Examination 2020

iON Digital Zone iDZ 2 Mathura Road
19/11/2020
10:00 AM - 12:00 PM
Junior Hindi Translator

Sectio	on : General Hindi	
Q.1	वे(1)/ किसी(2)/ स्वास्थ्य लाभ(3)/ रहे हैं(4)/ कर(5)/ पहा	इ पर(6)
	क्रम संख्या (1) और (2) के बाद वाक्य संरचना का सही	क्रम क्या होगा?
Ans	× 1. 6, 5, 4, 3	
	✓ 2. 6, 3, 5, 4	
	✗ ₃. ȝ, ₅, ₄, ϐ	
	X 4. 5, 4, 6, 3	
		Question ID : 6549781702
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.2	निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द 'घर' का पर्यायव	ाची नहीं है?
Ans	√1. ट्योम	
	Х 2. गृह	
	Х 3. निलय	
	🗙 ४. निकेतन	
		Question ID : 6549781659
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.3		
	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा अल्पप्राण व्यंजन है?	
Ans	 ✓ 1. ब Х २ क 	
	× 2. 5	
	¥ 3. भ ¥ 4. फ	
	X 4. UD	
	🔭 4.	
	🔭 4. 'फ	Question ID : 6549781643 Status : Answered

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Q.22	'इतिहास का जानकार' के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द है?
Ans	🗙 १. पुरातात्विक
	✓ 2. इतिहासज
	🗙 ३. विद्वान
	🗙 ४. ऐतिहासिक
	Question ID : 6549781673 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.23	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा शब्द तत्सम नहीं है?
	🗙 1. सौभाग्य
	🗙 २. शिक्षा
	√ ^{3.} सिर
	🗙 ४. शीतल
	Question ID : 6549781669 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3
Q.24	'चिरंतन' का विलोम होगा।
	🗙 1. पुरातन
	🖌 २. नश्वर
	🗙 ३. सनातन
	🗙 ४. शाश्वत
	Question ID : 6549781666 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2























Q.36	चिंता(1)/ यह है कि(2)/ होगा(3)/ कैसे(4)/ पुनरुत्थान(5)/ देश का(6)
	क्रम संख्या (1) और (2) के बाद वाक्य संरचना का सही क्रम क्या होगा?
Ans	× 1. 6, 4, 3, 5
	× 2. 4, 3, 6, 5
	× 3. 5, 6, 4, 3
	✓ 4 6, 5, 4, 3
	Question ID : 6549781703 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4
Q.37	'एक देश से दूसरे देश में माल भेजना' के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौनसा शब्द होगा?
Ans	🗡 १. प्रवास
	✓ 2. निर्यात
	🗙 ३. उत्पादन
	🗙 ४. आयात
	Question ID : 6549781675
	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.38	यह कविता अनेक भाव प्रकट है। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उपयुक्त शब्द कौनसा होगा?
Ans	🗸 1. करती
	Х 2. रखती
	🗙 ३. बोलती
	🗙 4. कहती
	Question ID : 6549781652
	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1































































































































Comprehension:
वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के
गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था।
आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह
की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक
मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य
में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता
मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी
ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक
अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा।
निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर
दीजिए-
SubQuestion No : 86
^{Q.86} साहित्य को किसकी आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना
होगा?
Ans 🗸 1. समूह
Х 2. गरीब
🗙 ३. शोषित
🗙 ४. ट्यक्ति
Question ID : 6549781717
Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1





	Comprehension:
	वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के
	गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था।
	आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से जपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह
	की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक
	मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य
	में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता
	मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी
	ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक
	अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा।
	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर
	दीजिए-
	SubQuestion No : 87
.87	गाँधी जी ने समूह की मुक्ति को वैयक्तिक मोक्ष
	का क्या माना था?
ns	🖌 १. माध्यम
	× 2. मूल
	🗙 ३. लक्ष्य
	Х 4. आधार
	Question ID : 6549781719 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 1
















С	omprehension:
	वे दिन चले गये, जब साहित्य वैयक्तिक-प्रेम और विरह के हल्के
	गाने गाकर समाज में आदर का अधिकारी समझा जा सकता था।
	आज उसे वैयक्तिकता से ऊपर उठकर समूह के सपनों और समूह
	की आकांक्षाओं को चित्रित करना होगा। जिस प्रकार वैयक्तिक
	मोक्ष की जगह सामाजिक मुक्ति ने ले ली है, उसी प्रकार साहित्य
	में भी वैयक्तिक भावनाओं से ऊपर सामूहिक आवेगों को प्रधानता
	मिलनी चाहिए। और जिस प्रकार, समूह की मुक्ति को गाँधी जी
	ने वैयक्तिक मोक्ष का साधन माना था, उसी प्रकार हमें वैयक्तिक
	अनुभूतियों को भी सामूहिक अनुभूति के माध्यम से लिखना होगा।
	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर
	दीजिए-
	ubQuestion No : 90
.90	विरह का अर्थ क्या है?
Ans	15 Part 1
	✓ ^{1.} वियोग
	Х 2. संयोग
	Х 3. मिलन
	🗙 ४. स्मृति
	Question ID : 6549781716 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 1



































Comprehension: स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्त् नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तू के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गदयांश के आधार पर टीजिए-SubQuestion No: 96 Q.96 विवेकानंद ने किसकी गोद में बैठे हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने का कार्य किया? Ans 🗡 1. अर्थ 🗙 २. काम 🗙 ३. मोक्ष 🖌 ४. धर्म Question ID : 6549781723 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4











Comprehension: स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्त् नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तू के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 98 Q.98 'तिरस्कार' का अर्थ क्या है? Ans 🖌 १. अपमान 🗙 2. अनुकरण X 3. स्वीकार 🗙 ४. सम्मान Question ID : 6549781722 Status : Answered Chosen Option: 1





Comprehension: स्वामी विवेकानंद ने कहा था कि यूरोप की सभ्यता सर्वथा तिरस्कार की वस्त् नहीं; क्योंकि मैं भी उस ईश्वर में विश्वास करना नहीं चाहता जो मरने के बाद मुझे शांति तो दे सकता है, किंतु जीवन में मुझे रोटी नहीं दे सकता। स्पष्ट ही, स्वामी विवेकानंद भारतीय अध्यात्म का संबंध उस वस्तू के साथ जोड़ना चाहते थे जो हमारे पास नहीं थी- जो शायद, हमारे पूर्वजों के पास भी नहीं थी। उन्होंने धर्म की गोद में ऊँघते हुए भारतवर्ष को जगाने के लिए शंखनाद किया और कहा, कि तुम्हें जीवन में स्पंदन भरने वाली प्रेरणा की ज़रूरत है; तुम्हें शक्ति का वह विद्युत् प्रवाह चाहिए जिससे धरती जवान रहती है और जिससे यूरोप के अंग-अंग में चेतना और स्वास्थ्य का सौंदर्य छलक रहा है। निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर उपरोक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर दीजिए-SubQuestion No : 99 Q.99 'स्पंदन' का अर्थ क्या है? Ans 🗡 1 स्थिरता 🖌 २. गति 🗙 ३. सौंदर्य 🗙 ४. सुख Question ID : 6549781726 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2







- X 2. A candle has been lit in the memory of the brave martyrs.
- X 3. A candle is lit by us in the memory of the brave martyrs.
- X 4. A candle will be lighted in the memory of the brave martyrs.

Question ID : **6549781536** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **1**











Q.6	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.
	Take a walk
Ans	1. diffusing a tense situation
	2. comforting someone in pain
	3. rudely telling someone to go away
	4. following someone secretly
	Question ID : 6549781566 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2
Q.7	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
	DILUTE
Ans	1. lessen
	2. strengthen
	X 3. modify
	X 4. weaken
	Question ID : 6549781558 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2
Q.8	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
	EMULATE
Ans	1. neglect
	2. imitate
	3. extract
	4. protect
	Question ID : 6549781559 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 4
Q.9	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
Ans	ANNIHILATION
AIIS	1. elimination
	2. construction
	X 3. extinction
	4. demolition
	Question ID : 6549781560
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2











Q.14	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	He seems to have no of keeping his promise.	
Ans	1. retention	
	2. intention	
	X 3. attention	
	4. rejection	
		Question ID : 6549781549
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.15	Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
	The receptionist had informed us about the appointment.	
Ans	1. We had been informed about the appointment by the reception	ist.
	\sim 2. We have been informed about the appointment by the receptio	nist.
	\sim 3. We were informed about the appointment by the receptionist.	
	\mathbf{X} 4. The receptionist had been informed about the appointment by	us.
		Question ID : 6549781535 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
Ans	 I was fully convinced that she did not believe a word of that I had said. 1. I was fully convinced 2. of that I had said 3. that she did not 4. believe a word 	Question ID : 6549781523 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.17	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence.	
	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence. He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then.	
	He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then.	
	He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then.	
	 He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. 1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?" 2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?" 3. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?" 	
	 He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. 1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?" 2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?" 	
	 He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. 1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?" 2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?" 3. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?" 	Question ID : 6549781541
	 He asked me if I was not thinking of investing then. 1. He said to me, "Are you thinking of investing then?" 2. He said to me, "Haven't you thought of investing then?" 3. He said to me, "Are you not thinking of investing now?" 	Question ID : 6549781541 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3





 .18	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.		
	REDEMPTION		
Ans	1. atonement		
	2. requirement		
	X 3. foundation		
	X 4. consumption		
		Question ID : 6549781555 Status : Answered	
		Chosen Option : 4	
	Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that gorder.	jives their correct	
	 A. In arid regions of Rajasthan, almost all houses traditionally had unde B. They were connected to the sloping roof of the house through a pipe C. These could be as large as a big room. D. Rainwater falling on the roofs would travel down the pipe and get stop 	9.	
Ans	1. BCDA		
	2. ACBD		
	X 3. ADBC		
	X 4. CADB		
		Question ID : 6549781595	
2.20	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segme	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. X 1. Either my sister or me	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
Ans	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. <u>Neither my sister nor me</u> was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans).21	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans ().21	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett. 1. Alice Bennett permitted anything.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett. 1. Alice Bennett permitted anything.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans	sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett. 1. Alice Bennett permitted anything. 2. Alice Bennett would permit anything.	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett. 1. Alice Bennett permitted anything. 2. Alice Bennett would permit anything. 3. Alice Bennett will permit anything. 	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2 Int in the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered	
Ans	 sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'. Neither my sister nor me was keen to attend the concert. 1. Either my sister or me 2. Neither my sister or me 3. Neither my sister nor I 4. No substitution Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Anything would have been permitted by Alice Bennett. 1. Alice Bennett permitted anything. 2. Alice Bennett would permit anything. 3. Alice Bennett will permit anything. 	Estatus : Answered Chosen Option : 2 The provided and the given Question ID : 6549781600 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3	





	Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
	I am being devoured by curiosity.	
Ans	1. Curiosity is devouring me.	
	🗙 2. Curiosity had devoured me.	
	X 3. Curiosity will devour me.	
	4. Curiosity has devoured me.	
		Question ID : 6549781530 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
	Select the correct direct form of the given sentence.	
	She exclaimed that I was wearing an exquisite ring.	
Ans	1. She said, "Is this an exquisite ring you are wearing?"	
	2. She said, "What an exquisite ring you are wearing!"	
	X 3. She said, "Are you wearing an exquisite ring?"	
	X 4. She says, "What an exquisite ring are you wearing!"	
		Question ID : 6549781540
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
0.24	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	I an unopened letter lying on the mantelpiece.	
Ans	1. watched	
	2. noticed	
	3. peered	
	X 4. glanced	
	4. gianced	
		Question ID : 6549781548
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2





S o E C C E E	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that giv order. A. King Advois of the Philippines mounted his horse and left for the fore B. But there was no sign of water nearby. C. He was thirsty and so was his horse. D. Finally, he stopped his horse to rest for a while. E. He rode so fast that he soon left his soldiers far behind. F. Wandering about, the king spotted a hut with a thatched roof. I. AEDCBF 2. ADCBEF 3. AEBDCF 4. ACDEBF	es the correct
		Question ID : 6549781589 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
	 Select the correct active form of the given sentence. Can your presence at the site of the murder be denied? 1. Can you be denying your presence at the site of the murder? 2. Had you denied your presence at the site of the murder? 3. Did you deny your presence at the site of the murder? 4. Can you deny your presence at the site of the murder? 	Question ID : 6549781531 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4
a A B C	Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that given order. A. At seventy, one only waited to be summoned by God. B. When he was dead, what would his wife do? C. They had lived in each other's company since they were children. D. The shopkeeper had said Muni was seventy. 1. DABC 2. BDCA 3. DCBA 4. CDBA	res their correct
		Question ID : 6549781597 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1





Q.28	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment i sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	n the given
	Do you deny that <u>you have offered</u> him a huge sum to impersonate you at month?	the party last
Ans	🗙 1. you were offered	
	2. No substitution	
	3. you offered	
	X 4. you have offer	
	ſ	Question ID : 6549781603
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 3
Q.29	Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segment i sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	n the given
	"What a fine piece of workmanship this is!" he exclaimed.	
Ans	1. these are	
	X 2. it is this	
	3. No substitution	
	4. is there	
		Question ID : 6549781602
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 3
	l	Chosen Option : 3
Q.30	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order.	correct position.
Q.30	Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give	correct position. s the correct
Q.30 Ans	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 	correct position. s the correct
	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 1. ADCEBF 	correct position. s the correct
	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 1. ADCEBF 2. ABECDF 	correct position. s the correct
	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 1. ADCEBF 	correct position. s the correct
	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 1. ADCEBF 2. ABECDF 3. ACBDEF 	correct position. s the correct
	 Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that give order. A. A young Brahmin came forward and bowed to the king. B. He gripped the bow and looked at the princess with a smile. C. His arms were powerful and did not seem to belong to a Brahmin. D. He was tall, dark with broad shoulders. E. They were certainly those of a warrior. F. Then he strung the bow evoking a thunderous applause from the crowd 1. ADCEBF 2. ABECDF 3. ACBDEF 	correct position. s the correct





Q.31	Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.	
	You said to me, "I slept well last night."	
Ans	1. You told me that you had slept well the previous night.	
	🛛 🗙 2. You told me that you sleep well the previous night.	
	🛛 🗙 3. You said to me that you slept well last night.	
	X 4. You said to me that you were sleeping well last night.	
		Question ID : 6549781542
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
Q.32	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	RAPT	
Ans	1. absorbed	
	2. upset	
	X 3. unhappy	
	X 4. troubled	
		Question ID : 6549781553 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
Ans	 There were floral decorations from display in the city. 1. from display 2. in the city 3. There were 4. floral decorations 	Question ID : 6549781520 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
Q.34	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
_	The warriors reluctantly withdrawn their weapons and peace prevailed.	
Ans	1. The warriors	
	X 2. their weapons	
	\mathbf{X} 3. and peace prevailed	
	4. reluctantly withdrawn	





Q.35	5 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.		
	I wondered why both the wife of Lord Easton had left him.		
Ans	1. of Lord Easton		
	X 2. had left him		
	X 3. I wondered why		
	4. both the wife		
	Г	Question ID : 6549781522	
		Status : Answered	
	L	Chosen Option : 4	
).36	 Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the or Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that gives order. A. Folk tales offer lots of advice. B. Most of them deliver the message clearly. 		
	C. The reason was that he was not properly dressed. D. There is a story of Birbal not being allowed to attend the king's free lund E. This happened despite his high intellectual abilities.	ch.	
Ans	F. The advice thus conveyed is 'Don't judge a book by its cover.'		
	2. ABCEDF		
	3. ACEDBF		
	4. ABDCEF		
	4. ADDCEF		
		Question ID : 6549781590	
		Status : Answered	
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4	
Q.37	7 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.		
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong.		
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong.		
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong.		
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong.		
	I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong. 1. that my deductions 2. all wrong		
	 I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong. 1. that my deductions 2. all wrong 3. I immediately realised 		
	 I immediately realised that my deductions had being all wrong. 1. that my deductions 2. all wrong 3. I immediately realised 	Chosen Option : 4	





Q.38 Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.	
Take the high ground	
Ans X 1. to show arrogance	
2. to act morally	
3. to ridicule the lowly	
4. to behave childishly	
	Question ID : 6549781565
	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
Q.39 Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.	
She can do only one thing at a time.	
Ans X 1. Only one thing at a time was done by her.	
2. Only one thing at a time can be done by her.	
X 3. Only one thing at a time is done by her.	
\mathbf{X} 4. Only one thing at a time is being done by her.	
	Question ID : 6549781533 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2
Q.40 Select the correct indirect form of the given sentence.	
The commander said to the soldiers, "Don't think twice. Jump off	
Ans 1. The commander ordered the soldiers not to think twice a	
2. The commander ordered the soldiers don't think twice an	
X 3. The commander ordered the soldiers that don't think twice	ce and jump off the plane
now.	
4. The commander ordered the soldiers to not think twice a now.	
	Question ID : 6549781546 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 1
Q.41 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical	error.
The boy longed for the comfort with his mother's lap.	
Ans X 1. The boy longed	
2. for the comfort	
3. with his	
🗙 4. mother's lap	
	Question ID : 6549781517
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 3





Q.42	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.	
	DETAIN	
Ans	🛛 🗙 1. permit	
	🗙 2. assist	
	3. confine	
	X 4. advance	
		Question ID : 6549781554
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3
Q.43	Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word.	
	He is quite capable of taking hot-blooded actions.	
Ans	1. sympathetic	
	2. gratifying	
	X 3. genuine	
	4. impulsive	
		Question ID : 6549781551 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 2
Q.44	Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.	
	Go the extra mile	
Ans	X 1. lose the way in a foreign country	
	X 2. take a longer route in a journey	
	3. over-achieve the targets	
	4. make more effort than is expected	
		Question ID : 6549781564 Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 4
	Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.	
Ans	I won't hold you up for so very long as you are busy.	
AIIS	1. so very long	
	2. you up for	
	X 3. as you are busy	
	🗙 4. I won't hold	
	١	Question ID : 6549781521
		Status : Answered
		Chosen Option : 1
	()





Q.46 Select the most appropriate s	ynonym of the given word.	
DISTINCT		
Ans 🛛 🖌 1. unmistakable		
🗙 2. vague		
🗙 3. similar		
🗙 4. indefinite		
		Question ID : 6549781552 Status : Not Answered
		Chosen Option :
.47 Select the correct direct form	of the given sentence.	
Tom said that he would paint	-	
ns X 1. Tom is saying, "I will		
2. Tom said, "I will pain		
X 3. Tom said, "He had pa		
4. Tom said, "He would		
		Question ID : 6549781539
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r	nervous at all.	on that gives their correct
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad e C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest pa	nervous at all.	r. Oliver stopped. ht.
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest part Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC	nervous at all. erie sounds in the fo <mark>rest.</mark> igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi	r. Oliver stopped.
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad e C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest pa Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 3. DABC 4. BDCA	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh	r. Oliver stopped. ht. Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest pa ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA .49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch light at the guided by a flickering torch light and a flickering torch light at the guided by a flickering torch light at the guided by a flickering torch	r. Oliver stopped. ht. BBUBDB Question ID : 6549781596 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest pa Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 3. DABC 4. BDCA 9.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t 1. Stories are cooked up	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch light at the given sentence. that she can escape punishment. p by her so that punishment can be	r. Oliver stopped. The The The The The The The The The The
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest para ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 4. BDCA 4. BDCA 4. BDCA 4. Stories are cooked up 2. Stories were cooked	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh and the given sentence of the given sentence. That she can escape punishment. p by her so that punishment can be up by her so that punishment coul	r. Oliver stopped. The The The The The The The The The The
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest pa Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 2.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t Ans 1. Stories are cooked up 2. Stories were cooked	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch ligh and a flickering torch light at the given sentence. that she can escape punishment. p by her so that punishment can be	r. Oliver stopped. The The The The The The The The The The
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest para Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 2.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t Ans 1. Stories are cooked up 3. Stories are being coord	nervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi th guided by a flickering torch ligh and the given sentence of the given sentence. That she can escape punishment. p by her so that punishment can be up by her so that punishment coul	r. Oliver stopped. The analysis of the secaped. I de escaped. I de escaped.
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest paran Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 2.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t Ans 1. Stories are cooked up 3. Stories are being coord	mervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi ath guided by a flickering torch light ath guided by a flickering torch light at	r. Oliver stopped. t. BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad ec C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest part Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 2.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so to Ans 1. Stories are cooked up 2. Stories were cooked 3. Stories are being coo	mervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi ath guided by a flickering torch light ath guided by a flickering torch light at	r. Oliver stopped. The analysis of the secaped. I de escaped. I de escaped.
order. A. But Mr. Oliver did not feel r B. The pine trees made sad er C. When the light fell on the fi D. He kept along the forest paran Ans 1. BADC 2. CABD 3. DABC 4. BDCA 2.49 Select the correct passive for She is cooking up stories so t Ans 1. Stories are cooked up 3. Stories are being coord	mervous at all. erie sounds in the forest. igure of a boy, sitting on a rock, Mi ath guided by a flickering torch light ath guided by a flickering torch light at	r. Oliver stopped. t. BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB

































































Q.71 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error.			
	I do not like vegetables, or do I like fruits.		
Ans	Ans X 1. like vegetables		
	2. I do not		
	3. or do I		
	X 4. like fruits		
		Question ID : 6549781519 Status : Answered	
		Chosen Option : 3	
0.70			
Q.72 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word. IMPROMPTU			
Ans X 1. rehearsed			
	X 2. deliberate		
	X 3. calculated		
	4. spontaneous		
	4. spontaneous		
		Question ID : 6549781556	
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2	
Q.73 Select the correct passive form of the given sentence.			
	Circumstances forced him to accept the menial job.		
Ans			
	2. He was forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.		
	X 3. He is forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.		
	4. He will be forced by circumstances to accept the menial job.		
		Question ID : 6549781532	
		Status : Answered	
		Chosen Option : 2	
Q.74 Given below are four sentences in jumbled order. Pick the option that gives their correct			
	order. A. Ultimately, cotton was exported to Britain as a raw material for their textile industries. B. This was due to the availability of good quality cotton from India.		
	C. The British were attracted to the cotton belts of India. D. Textile industries in Manchester and Liverpool greatly flourished.		
Ans 1. CADB			
	X 2. DCBA		
	X 3. CBDA		
	X 4. BDAC		
		Question ID : 6549781594	
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3	




Q.75 Identify the segment in the sentence that contains a grammatical error	
She said that it was 4 o'clock on her watch when she entered.	
Ans X 1. when she entered	
2. She said that	
3. it was 4 o'clock	
4. on her watch	
	Question ID : 6549781526
	Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4
Q.76 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the underlined segme sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution'.	nt in the given
They got at touch with Miss Adams much later.	
Ans X 1. No substitution	
2. got to touch	
X 3. are getting a touch	
4. got in touch	
	Question ID : 6549781601 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 4
 A. She had never seen the like of it before. B. But her own earnings had been in coppers and nickels. C. She peered closely at the big currency note. D. She only recognised the fives and tens she had seen in other people Ans 1. CADB 2. DACB 3. CBAD 4. DABC 	's hands.
	Question ID : 6549781598 Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 1
Q.78 Select the correct active form of the given sentence.	
-	
An online order has been placed by me today.	
2. I have placed an online order today.	
3. I am placing an online order today.	
🛛 🗙 4. I will place an online order today.	
	Question ID : 6549781527
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 2











	Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that gives the order.	ne correct
	 A. When I woke up in my tent, I realised I was all alone. B. I asked him to be ushered in. C. My chest hurt badly from the hard blow. D. It was getting dark outside when my guard announced a visitor. E. I applied a balm to my wounds which eased the pain slightly. F. My heart thumped in expectation of the news of the war. 	
Ans	1. ABCEDF	
	2. ACEDBF	
	X 3. ADCEBF X 4. AEDCBF	
		Question ID : 6549781592 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2
.83	Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.	
	DERELICT	
ns	1. regardless	
	X 2. negligent	
	X 3. vagrant	
	4. careful	
		Question ID : 6549781561
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4
	Given below are six sentences, out of which sentences A and F are in the cor Sentences B, C, D and E are in a jumbled order. Select the option that gives t order. A. Amina joined a two-year course at a local coaching institute.	
	 B. However, she decided to opt out of the course at the end of one year. C. When she asked for the refund of the fee for one year, she was denied. D. This was because of the poor quality of teaching at the institute. E. At the time of joining, she paid a fees of Rs. 60000 as lump sum for the end of the e	
	F. Amina filed a case in the district consumer court.	une course.
ns	1. AEBDCF	
	X 2. ADEBCF	
	X 3. ABCDEF	
	4. ACDEBF	
		Question ID : 6549781591
		Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1











Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

SubQuestion No: 87

Q.87 The ability of a design to fulfil the purpose is called:



- 2. semiotic valu
- 🖌 3. teleology
- X 4. visual taste

Question ID : 6549781617 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 3





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

SubQuestion No: 88

Q.88 The practical aspects of a graphic design DO NOT take into account:

- Ans 1. probability
 - X 2. readability
 - X 3. usability
 - X 4. communicability

Question ID : 6549781618 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

SubQuestion No: 89

Q.89 Aesthetics is mainly concerned with:

- Ans X 1. purpose of creation
 - X 2. usefulness of the product
 - 🖉 3. sensory appeal
 - X 4. relevance of content

Question ID : **6549781619** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **3**





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Design has manifold applications and usages ranging from the most obvious or surface-level usages to the subtler and indirect usages that have far-reaching and deeper impact. The significance of design lies in its ability to fulfil these demands, whether aesthetic, teleological or semiotic. By aesthetics, it is broadly understood as its sensory and beauty values, i.e. concerned with the judgment of visual taste, here it is meant as the sensory appreciation of graphic design. While by functionality is meant the practical aspects of a given graphic design such as usability, communicability, readability and making an impact. Its efficiency lies in its ability to do so. Design has function as well as some purpose. In theoretical terms the ability of design to fulfil the function or purpose is called 'teleology' of design. Apart from the above two, there is one more aspect of design called 'content' or meaning of design that can be broadly called as semiotic value of design. A simple discussion might elaborate this case. Food has taste that caters to our taste buds which is a sensory quality of food. Sometimes the colour of food is attractive therefore we like it and probably other times we get attracted towards it because it is presented in an appealing manner. Aroma, taste and decoration or garnishing cater to our sensory expectations. Food also has nutritional value that is concerned with supplying energy to the body that helps in its overall physical growth and maintenance of general health and work efficiency and at times such food may not be visually attractive. This is the teleological significance. Now if the food is cooked by a mother, sister or wife, then it has a special meaning and a highly personal significance attached to it. It may not be very nutritious or properly garnished, still the food will have its own unique significance which is the semiotic value of the food.

SubQuestion No: 90

Q.90 Which of the following aspects of a dish does NOT have a sensory appeal?

- Ans 1. Nutrition 2. Presentation 3. Taste
 - X 4. Aroma

Question ID : **6549781620** Status : **Answered** Chosen Option : **1**





l			
l		There are five basic features of services. These features distinguish them from goods. The first is that services are intangible. They are experiential in nature. One cannot taste a doctor's	
l		treatment, or touch entertainment. One can only experience it. An important implication of	
l		this is that quality of the offer can often not be determined before consumption or before	
l		purchase. It is, therefore, important for the service providers that they consciously work on creating a desired service so that the customer undergoes a favourable experience.	
l		The second important characteristic of services is inconsistency. Since there is no standard	
l		tangible product, services have to be performed exclusively each time. Different customers	
l		have different demands and expectations. Service providers need to have an opportunity to	
l		alter their offer to closely meet the requirements of the customers. Another important characteristic of services is the simultaneous activity of production and	
l		consumption being performed. This makes the production and consumption of services	
l		inseparable. While we can manufacture a car today and sell it after, say, a month; this is often not possible with services that have to be consumed as and when they are produced. For	
l		example, the services of a teacher, doctor or lawyer. Service providers may design a	
l		substitute for the person by using appropriate technology but the interaction with the	
l		customer remains a key feature of services. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) may replace the banking clerk for the front office activities like cash withdrawal and cheque deposit. But,	
l		at the same time, the presence of the customer, is required and his/her interaction with the	
l		process has to be managed.	
l		Services have little or no tangible components and, therefore, cannot be stored for a future use. That is, services are perishable and providers can, at best, store some associated goods	
l		but not the service itself. This means that the demand and supply needs to be managed as	
l		the service has to be performed as and when the customer asks for it. They cannot be	
l		performed earlier to be consumed at a later date. For example, a railway ticket can be stored but the railway journey will be experienced by a traveller only when the railways provide it.	
l			
l		SubQuestion No : 91	
l	Q.91	For a pleasant experience of a service, the provider should:	
l	Ans	1. give what the consumer desires	
		2. make the service available before purchase	
		3. create a service which is profitable	
		4. provide the service without customer demand	
l		Question ID : 6549781606	
l		Status : Answered	
l		Chosen Option : 1	
l			
l			























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	but the railway journey will be experienced by a traveller only when the railways provide it.
	SubOuestion No : 95
	Q.95 Which of the following statements is NOT true?
	Ans X 1. Services are distinct from goods.
	2. Production and consumption of services are inseparable.
	3. Quality of a service can be determined before consumption.
	X 4. Services tend to be inconsistent in nature.
	Ouestion ID : 6549781607
	Status : Answered
	Chosen Option : 3
1	





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it.

Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand quineas.

SubQuestion No: 96

Q.96 The craftsman parted with the statue with a heavy heart because:







Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it.

Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand quineas.

SubQuestion No: 97

Q.97 Which of the following statements is NOT a fact about the statue?

Ans X 1. It had originally been acquired by Sir Alexander Heathcote in China.

- X 2. It was brought from Ha Li Chuan.
- 3. It was a genuine piece of art.
- X 4. It was made of porcelain.

Question ID : 6549781612 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 4





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China.

The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing.

Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it.

Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand quineas.

SubQuestion No: 98

Q.98 The statue being auctioned was that of:







Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

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The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening.

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Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured guest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift.

Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it.

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SubQuestion No: 99

Q.99 The words 'motley crowd' means:

- Ans X 1. an aristocratic assembly
 - 🖤 2. an incongruous crowd
 - X 3. a group of art lovers
 - X 4. a gathering of serious bidders

Question ID : 6549781614 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 2





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

A porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung was being auctioned off to a motley crowd and not-so-serious bidders. In order to grab the bidders' attention, the auctioneer presented a fact sheet about the history of the statue. It said that the statue was brought from a place called Ha Li Chuan in China. The narrator of the story, seated amidst the bidders, was intrigued by the statue's history. He tried to delve deeper into its history and found that the statue was bought by Sir Alexander Heathcote, a diplomatic person of great acclaim. He also happened to be a very fastidious person. He would have breakfast at the same time every morning, with the same ingredients in the exact same quantity, reach his office desk at the Foreign Office at exactly 8:59 AM and leave for home at exactly 6 in the evening. In Peking, Sir Alexander once visited the countryside and was delighted to see the beautiful Chinese arts. The craftsman in one of the shops, upon realising his deep interest in Chinese art, showed him a porcelain Chinese statue of Emperor Kung which had been in his family for seven generations. Sir Alexander was sure that the statue must have been made by Pen Q and even calculated that it must have been made during the turn of the 15th century. The only flaw was that the base of the statue was missing. Alexander Heathcote could not contain his heart's desire and said, "How I wish the piece was mine". Upon seeing his interest, the craftsman, with a heavy heart, fixed a base of his choice on the statue and gifted it to him. It was the Chinese custom to oblige if an honoured quest requested something. To pay the craftsman back, Alexander constructed a beautiful house on the hills for the man to settle down. The craftsman accepted it only after knowing that the Empress herself sanctioned the gift. Sir Alexander was so fond of the statue that he wrote in his will that it must be passed on generation to generation and mustn't be sold until and unless the family's reputation was at stake. The statue, now regarded as a family heirloom, was passed on to his great-great grandson Alex Heathcote who got into a financial crisis and decided to sell it. Alex brought the statue to the Sotheby's auction. The head of the department was sure with a glance that it was the work of Pen Q. But later on, it was discovered that the statue was a fake copy of the original one. But the base which the craftsman had gifted so casually turned out to be a genuine piece of art. The narrator bought the statue for seven hundred and twenty guineas and an American gentleman bought the base for a whopping twenty-two thousand quineas. SubQuestion No: 100 Q.100 What is the central theme of the story revealed in the climax? Ans 1. The love of art 2. Desire to own exotics 3. Honouring age-old traditions 4. Appearance versus reality Question ID : 6549781615 Status : Answered Chosen Option : 1