

SBI PO Pre 5th Aug 2025 Memory Based

Directions (1-9): Read the following passage and answer the given questions.

The travel and tourism industry has traditionally been a significant contributor to the global economy. Prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, it accounted for nearly 10.4% of the world's GDP and supported millions of jobs across sectors such as airlines, hotels, transport, and tourism agencies. Continuous growth in both domestic and international travel ensured sustained profits for many companies.

This momentum was abruptly halted with the outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020. As lockdowns, border closures, and travel bans were enforced worldwide, the industry suffered severe losses. Global passenger traffic declined by over 60% that year. The financial impact was especially harsh on small and medium-sized operators, many of whom had never faced such disruption in the **last** two decades.

A compelling example is SunWings Travels, a regional bus service provider. Before the pandemic, the company was struggling with poor occupancy — only 62 passengers per week on average. Operations ceased entirely during the lockdown, pushing the business toward potential shutdown.

However, SunWings made a bold decision to revamp its model. The management handled the crisis with commendable **poise**, focusing on long-term viability rather than short-term losses. They invested in contactless ticketing, improved air filtration systems, and implemented strict hygiene protocols. The company also trained staff and collaborated with certified lodging partners to ensure safety.

These efforts aligned with the growing demand for safe and reliable road travel. As air travel remained limited, _____ regional transport options. By the end of 2022, SunWings had more than doubled its weekly passengers and saw a 35% increase in revenue compared to its pre-COVID figures. Encouraged by this turnaround, the company further increased investment in fleet expansion and digital infrastructure.

The post-COVID travel business reflects a shift in priorities: safety, flexibility, and digitisation now dominate consumer preferences. Companies that responded with innovation and resilience, like SunWings Travels, have not only recovered but expanded. The pandemic served as a test of adaptability, and those who navigated it with strategic foresight are now leading the road to recovery.

Q1. What was the primary factor that led to the significant decline in global passenger traffic in 2020?

- (a) The closure of all transportation-related businesses due to policy failures
- (b) Travel bans, lockdowns, and global restrictions enforced during the pandemic
- (c) Reduced interest in traveling due to the rise in domestic job opportunities
- (d) Massive protests by tourism employees that halted services temporarily
- (e) An unprecedented surge in international airfare pricing post-March 2020

Q2. Which of the following best describes SunWings' transformation strategy post-COVID?

- (a) Downsizing operations and cutting costs to preserve long-term assets
- (b) Prioritising fleet expansion over customer safety and hygiene
- (c) Making strategic investments in health safety and digital systems
- (d) Collaborating with airline companies to offer hybrid travel packages
- (e) Relocating services to international routes to avoid domestic losses

Q3. Which of the following statements is NOT true according to the passage?

- (A) Post-COVID, customers placed greater value on health and safety in travel
- (B) The tourism industry had grown consistently until 2020 without any major disruption
- (C) SunWings had been performing exceptionally well in terms of occupancy before the pandemic
- (a) Only A
- (b) Both C and C
- (c) Only B
- (d) Only C
- (e) All A, B, C

Q4. What does the author imply about businesses that thrived after the pandemic?

- (a) They depended largely on government relief programs to survive
- (b) They had existing digital systems that gave them a head-start
- (c) They were those that adapted swiftly with foresight and innovation
- (d) They avoided making any major changes until the situation stabilised
- (e) They returned to their pre-pandemic business models with few adjustments

Q5. Choose the correct statement from the following:

- (I) The pandemic led to a reevaluation of what travelers consider important.
- (II) Only large companies were able to withstand the financial strain of the pandemic.
- (III) Businesses with no prior losses before COVID found it easier to recover.
- (a) Only I is correct
- (b) Only II is correct
- (c) I and III are correct
- (d) II and III are correct
- (e) All three are incorrect

Q6. What does the passage suggest about the post-pandemic tourism industry?

- (a) It reverted completely to traditional operations without any lasting changes
- (b) Companies need only maintain old models to ensure continued success
- (c) Adaptability and technology now play a central role in recovery
- (d) The industry will no longer contribute significantly to the global economy
- (e) International travel has surpassed domestic tourism in popularity again

Q7. Choose the most suitable phrase for the given blank.

- (a) more people turned to
- (b) fewer people refrained from
- (c) a majority discarded the idea of
- (d) many avoided using
- (e) travellers hesitated before choosing

Q8. Choose the most appropriate synonym of the word "last" as used in the passage:

- (a) ultimate
- (b) final
- (c) previous
- (d) recent
- (e) concluding

Q9. Choose the most appropriate synonym of the word "poise" as used in the line passage.

- (a) panic
- (b) composure
- (c) hesitation
- (d) arrogance
- (e) aggression

Q10. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

The CEO's speech was _____ with optimism and _____ a sense of hope among the employees.

- (a) brimming, instilled
- (b) loaded, concluded
- (c) vague, removed
- (d) shallow, hampered
- (e) infused, revealed

Q11. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

The manager handled the crisis with _____ efficiency and a _____ sense of calm.

- (a) clumsy, fake
- (b) strategic, genuine
- (c) reckless, shallow
- (d) spontaneous, erratic
- (e) minimal, loud

Q12. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

The artist's latest work was _____ by critics, but it still _____ a deep emotional response from viewers.

- (a) appreciated, conveyed
- (b) acclaimed, predicted
- (c) condemned, evoked
- (d) applauded, generated
- (e) honored, created

Q13. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

Though the solution seemed _____, it had severe _____ on the long-term budget.

- (a) beneficial, complications
- (b) simple, implications
- (c) risky, suggestions
- (d) vague, effects
- (e) optimal, procedures

Q14. Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

The journalist's report was _____ researched and delivered in a _____ manner.

- (a) hurriedly, unbiased
- (b) thoroughly, lucid
- (c) randomly, aggressive
- (d) poorly, responsible
- (e) selectively, unclear

Q15. Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No replacement required'.

By the time **she will reach** the station, the train will have left.

- (a) she reaches
- (b) she had reached
- (c) she would have reached the station
- (d) she is reaching
- (e) No replacement required

Q16. Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No replacement required'.

Neither of the boys **have finished their** homework yet.

- (a) has finished his
- (b) have finished his
- (c) has finished their
- (d) has finished her
- (e) No replacement required

Q17. Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the highlighted segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No replacement required'.

Had I knew about the event, I would have attended it.

- (a) If I had knew
- (b) Had I known
- (c) If I have known
- (d) Did I know
- (e) No replacement required

Directions (18-23): In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been denoted by a letter. For each blank, five options are given. Choose the most appropriate word from the options that fits the blank appropriately.

Agriculture has always been at the heart of human civilization, but in recent years, there has been a (A)_____ shift toward locally grown foods. This movement is not just a trend; it reflects a growing awareness of sustainability, nutrition, and community welfare. Locally grown produce often arrives fresher at markets, having skipped the (B)_____ transportation routes associated with imported goods. This freshness not only preserves flavor but also ensures higher nutritional content. Moreover, local farming strengthens the economy by keeping money within the community and creating jobs. However, small farmers frequently struggle to compete with large agricultural corporations due to (C)_____ access to resources and subsidies. Additionally, climate change and unpredictable weather patterns have added another layer of (D) _____, forcing local growers to adopt more resilient and innovative farming practices. Urban farming and community gardens have emerged as popular solutions, allowing city dwellers to reconnect with their food sources. Consumer support plays a critical role—by choosing local, individuals can help (E) _____ sustainable agriculture and reduce their environmental footprint. If this movement gains more momentum, it could (F)_____ the future of farming into a more ethical and ecologically balanced system.

Q18. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (A)?

- (a) anticipant
- (b) subtle
- (c) significant
- (d) regularized
- (e) propellant

Q19. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (B)?

- (a) associate
- (b) astound
- (c) elaborate
- (d) distant
- (e) unified

Q20. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (C)?

- (a) privileged
- (b) limited
- (c) excessive
- (d) balanced
- (e) generous

Q21. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (D)?

- (a) assistance
- (b) existing
- (c) routine
- (d) rectification
- (e) uncertainty

Q22. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (E)?

- (a) affirm
- (b) limited
- (c) scale
- (d) promote
- (e) conceal

Q23. Which of the following words will fit in the given blank (F)?

- (a) prevail
- (b) transform
- (c) maintain
- (d) acquire
- (e) duplicate

Directions (24-27): In the question below four words are given in bold. These four words are may not be in their correct position. The sentence is then followed by options with the correct combination of words that should replace each other in order to make the sentence grammatically and contextually correct. Find the correct combination of the words that replace each other.

Q24. Emulating great people and (A) build from them what we (B) reserves in our own understanding can (C) imbibing our own (D) lack of humility.

- (a) A-D
- (b) A-C & B-D
- (c) A-B
- (d) D-A & C-B
- (e) No interchange required

Q25. There is (A) due (B) competition in the eCommerce industry which has gone up (C) stiff to the (D) pandemic at hand.

- (a) A-C
- (b) A-B
- (c) B-D
- (d) C-A & B-D
- (e) No interchange required

Q26. We must first (A) **understanding** our (B) **strengths** and have an accurate (C) **embrace** of our (D) **humanness** and weaknesses.

- (a) A-D & B-C
- (b) B-D
- (c) B-C
- (d) C-A & B-D
- (e) No interchange required

Q27. The technology we have at our (A) **detail** today can very well automate (B) **streamline** tasks and (C) **mundane** operations that require more attention to (D) **disposal**.

- (a) B-C
- (b) A-D
- (c) A-D & B-C
- (d) C-A & B-D
- (e) No interchange required

Directions (28-30): In the following question, a sentence is divided into few parts. Rearrange these parts and identify the correct sequence making the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

Q28.

- (A) locking open from
- (B) 4 PM to 11:59 PM
- (C) counselling choice-filling window
- (D) the NEET-UG 2025
- (E) closes today, with final
- (a) BADCE
- (b) DABEC
- (c) DCEAB
- (d) BCAED
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q29.

- (A) 30% wage hike
- (B) August 4 demanding a
- (C) come to a standstill as employees'
- (D) federation begins a strike on
- (E) the Telugu film industry has
- (a) ADBCE
- (b) ACEBD
- (c) EBDAC
- (d) ECDBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q30.

- (A) Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos Jr.
- (B) explore trade, investment,
- (C) arrives in India for a state
- (D) and maritime cooperation
- (E) visit from August 4 to 8 to
- (a) ADBCE
- (b) ACEBD
- (c) EBDAC
- (d) ECDBA
- (e) No rearrangement required

Q31. In the following question, a sentence is divided into few parts. Rearrange these parts and identify the correct sequence making the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

- (A) benchmark rate at 5.50% on
- (B) the RBI is expected to keep its
- (C) Indian exports have sparked
- (D) August 6, though U.S. tariffs on
- (E) talks of a possible rate cut
- (a) BADCE
- (b) DABEC
- (c) DCEAB
- (d) BCAED
- (e) No rearrangement required

Directions (32-35): The sentence is divided into four segments: (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error. If the sentence is both grammatically and contextually correct, select "No error" as the correct answer.

Q32. China's high growth based on resource (A)/intensive manufacturing, exports, and (B)/ low-paid labor has largely reached its limits and (C)/ has led to economic, social, and environmental imbalances (D).

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q33. Before the pandemic, the city (A)/ airport grappled with severe bottlenecks (B)/ as the terminals couldn't handled (C)/ the traffic, with passengers bearing the brunt of it (D).

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q34. A remedial measure to cure the (A)/ patriarchal mindset of the socio-legal system(B)/ would be the inclusion of feminist (C)/jurisprudence in the curriculum by law students. (D)

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Q35. As the euphoria of a decade ago turns to ashes, (A)/ the Tunisian experience has exposed the daunting challenges (B) /in achieving political and economic change after (C)/ an authoritarian order has overthrown (D).

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) No error

Directions (36-40) : Rearrange the following sentences in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- (A) Over time, consistent overconsumption of sugar has been linked to chronic conditions like obesity, type 2 diabetes, and heart disease.
(B) Despite its widespread use, sugar provides no essential nutrients and contributes only empty calories.
(C) One of the key concerns is how excessive sugar intake affects metabolic health and insulin sensitivity.
(D) Reducing sugar consumption can significantly improve overall health outcomes and reduce the risk of lifestyle-related diseases.
(E) Sugar is often added to processed foods and beverages, making it easy to consume large amounts unknowingly.
(F) The modern diet has seen a dramatic increase in added sugar, raising alarms among health professionals worldwide.

Q36. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) D
(b) A
(c) C
(d) E
(e) B

Q37. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
(b) E
(c) F
(d) A
(e) D

Q38. Which of the following should be the LAST sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) D
(b) C
(c) F
(d) E
(e) A

Q39. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

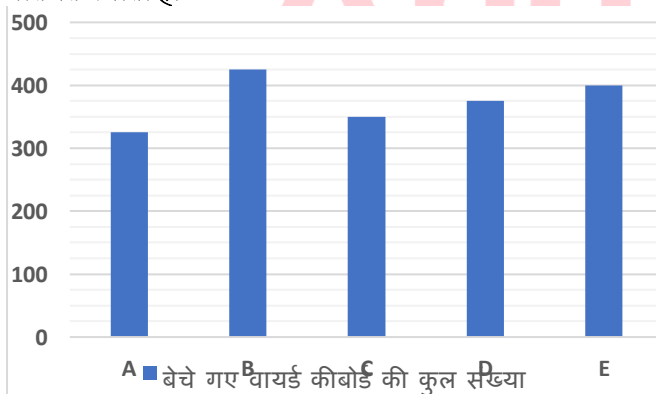
- (a) A
(b) B
(c) D
(d) E
(e) F

Q40. Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) C
(b) D
(c) E
(d) B
(e) A

Quantitative Aptitude

Direction (41-46): बार ग्राफ बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड की कुल संख्या को दर्शाता है और तालिका पाँच अलग-अलग दुकानों में कुल कीबोर्ड (बेचे गए वायर्ड + नॉन-वायर्ड) में से बेचे गए नॉन-वायर्ड कीबोर्ड का प्रतिशत दर्शाती है।



दुकान	बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड में से बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड का %
A	35%
B	32%
C	50%
D	70%
E	80%

नोट - कुल कीबोर्ड = वायर्ड कीबोर्ड + वायरलेस कीबोर्ड।

Q41. A और B द्वारा एक साथ बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड का D द्वारा बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड से अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 6:7
(b) 8:5
(c) 1:6
(d) 8:7
(e) 8:9

Q42. D द्वारा बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड E द्वारा बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड का कितना प्रतिशत है?

- (a) 71%
(b) 89.25%
(c) 71.825%
(d) 50.50%
(e) 78.125%

Q43. यदि दुकान F ने E द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड की तुलना में 25% अधिक कीबोर्ड बेचे और F द्वारा बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड, B द्वारा बेचे गए कुल वायरलेस कीबोर्ड से 10% अधिक हैं। F द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड, C और B द्वारा बेचे गए औसत वायरलेस कीबोर्ड का कितना प्रतिशत है?

- (a) 101.81%
(b) 101%
(c) 201.81%
(d) 50.81%
(e) 75.81%

Q44. A और E द्वारा एक साथ बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड और C द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड के बीच अंतर ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 2150
- (b) 2005
- (c) 2156
- (d) 2286
- (e) 2189

Q45. B द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड और वायरलेस कीबोर्ड की लागत का अनुपात 5 : 6 है। सभी कीबोर्ड बेचकर दुकान C द्वारा अर्जित कुल राशि 33250 रुपये है। C द्वारा बेचे गए 40 वायरलेस कीबोर्ड की लागत ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 1400
- (b) 2400
- (c) 2300
- (d) 2800
- (e) 1900

Q46. D द्वारा बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड में से 445 दोषपूर्ण हैं और कुल दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड का 80% वायरलेस कीबोर्ड हैं। गैर-दोषपूर्ण वायर्ड कीबोर्ड ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 400
- (b) 805
- (c) 356
- (d) 286
- (e) 89

Directions (47-52): निम्नलिखित तालिका को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। चार विभिन्न वर्षों में तीन विभिन्न स्कूलों में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या।

वर्ष	स्कूल A और C में कुल एडमिशन	स्कूल B और C के एडमिशन का अनुपात	स्कूल A में कुल एडमिशन
2017	630	5:9	360
2018	1050	7:5	750
2019	715	5:8	315
2020	840	11:19	460

Q47. 2018 में स्कूल B में लड़कियों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या 60% है, और 2018 में स्कूल C में लड़कों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या 45% है। 2018 में स्कूल B और C में एक साथ लड़कों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या, लड़कियों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या से कितनी अधिक या कम है?

- (a) 152
- (b) 114
- (c) 135
- (d) 147
- (e) 120

Q48. 2017 में स्कूल B में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या का 2019 में स्कूल A में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या से अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 11:19
- (b) 21:10
- (c) 10:21
- (d) 19:11
- (e) 12:17

Q49. 2020 में स्कूल C में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या, 2019 में स्कूल B में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या से कितने प्रतिशत अधिक या कम है?

- (a) 60%
- (b) 48%
- (c) 52%
- (d) 54%
- (e) 42%

Q50. 2017 में स्कूल A और B में एक साथ कुल छात्रों के एडमिशन की संख्या और 2019 और 2020 में एक साथ स्कूल C में कुल छात्रों के एडमिशन की संख्या के बीच अंतर ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 270
- (b) 220
- (c) 240
- (d) 250
- (e) 230

Q51. 2021 में स्कूल A में कुल एडमिशन संख्या 2017 की तुलना में 25% अधिक है, और 2021 में स्कूल C में कुल एडमिशन संख्या 2018 की तुलना में 10% कम है। यदि 2021 में स्कूल A, B और C में छात्रों के एडमिशन की औसत संख्या 385 है, तो 2021 में स्कूल B में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 335
- (b) 320
- (c) 323
- (d) 327
- (e) 318

Q52. 2018 और 2017 में स्कूल C में छात्रों के एडमिशन की औसत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 245
- (b) 285
- (c) 255
- (d) 265
- (e) 295

Directions (53 - 56): प्रत्येक प्रश्न में एक संख्या श्रृंखला दी गई है। प्रत्येक श्रृंखला में केवल एक संख्या गलत है। गलत संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

Q53. 380, 381, 387, 413, 476, 600, 815

- (a) 380
- (b) 387
- (c) 600
- (d) 815
- (e) 381

Q54. 32.5, 33.7, 36.1, 39.7, 44.5, 50, 57.7

- (a) 32.5
- (b) 44.5
- (c) 57.7
- (d) 50
- (e) 36.1

Q55. 210, 221, 230, 244, 265, 295, 336

- (a) 210
- (b) 221
- (c) 230
- (d) 265
- (e) 336

Q56. 56, 53, 105, 314, 1255, 6274, 37643

- (a) 1255
- (b) 314
- (c) 105
- (d) 53
- (e) 56

Q57. नाव A की धारा के अनुकूल गति 21 किमी/घंटा है। शांत जल में नाव B की गति 12 किमी/घंटा है और शांत जल में नाव A और नाव B की गति का अनुपात क्रमशः 5 : 4 है। नाव B द्वारा धारा के प्रतिकूल 81 किमी की दूरी तय करने में लगा समय ज्ञात कीजिए। (दोनों नावों के लिए धारा की गति समान है)।

- (a) 13.5 घंटे
- (b) 11 घंटे
- (c) 12.5 घंटे
- (d) 10.5 घंटे
- (e) 9 घंटे

Direction (58 – 61): दी गई जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

A और B कुछ वस्तुएँ (मोबाइल और लैपटॉप) बेच रहे हैं। A और B द्वारा बेची गई वस्तुओं का अनुपात 5:3 है। A द्वारा बेचा गया मोबाइल, B द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का 5 गुना है। A और B द्वारा कुल वस्तुओं की बिक्री पर प्राप्त लाभ का अंतर 1200 है। प्रत्येक वस्तु पर लाभ 60 रुपये है। B द्वारा बेचे गए मोबाइल, A द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का 120% है।

Q58. A और B द्वारा एक साथ बेचे गए मोबाइल और A द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप के बीच अंतर ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 32
- (b) 34
- (c) 30
- (d) 36
- (e) 24

Q59. C और B द्वारा बेची गई कुल वस्तुओं का अनुपात 4 : 3 है और C द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप, A द्वारा बेची गई कुल वस्तुओं से 30% कम हैं। C द्वारा बेचे गए मोबाइल की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 6
- (b) 10
- (c) 20
- (d) 5
- (e) 4

Q60. A द्वारा बेचे गए मोबाइल और B द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का एक साथ, A द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप और B द्वारा बेचे गए मोबाइल से अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 9:11
- (b) 15:11
- (c) 12:11
- (d) 10:9
- (e) 14:13

Q61. A द्वारा बेचे गए सभी मोबाइलों का क्रय मूल्य 1200 रुपये है और A द्वारा बेचे गए प्रत्येक मोबाइल का विक्रय मूल्य p रुपये है। यदि B द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का विक्रय मूल्य 2p रुपये है, तो लैपटॉप का क्रय मूल्य (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 110
- (b) 150
- (c) 120
- (d) 100
- (e) 140

Q62. एक बेलन का वक्र पृष्ठीय क्षेत्रफल 836 वर्ग सेमी है और बेलन की ऊँचाई 19 सेमी है। बेलन की त्रिज्या एक वर्ग की भुजा से 3 सेमी कम है। वर्ग का क्षेत्रफल (वर्ग सेमी में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 100
- (b) 64
- (c) 36
- (d) 225
- (e) 196

Q63. एक बर्तन में दूध और पानी का 360 लीटर मिश्रण है, जिसका अनुपात क्रमशः 5:3 है। यदि मिश्रण में X लीटर दूध और 35 लीटर पानी मिलाया जाए, तो परिणामी मिश्रण में दूध और पानी का अनुपात क्रमशः 30:17 हो जाता है। X ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 60
- (b) 75
- (c) 25
- (d) 50
- (e) 40

Q64. A और B किसी काम को क्रमशः 15 दिन और 24 दिन में पूरा कर सकते हैं। A और B ने काम शुरू किया और 4 दिन बाद वे काम छोड़कर चले गए, और C काम में शामिल हो गया। यदि C शेष काम को 17 दिन में पूरा करता है, तो C अकेले 50% काम कितने दिनों में पूरा कर सकता है (दिनों में)?

- (a) 30
- (b) 20
- (c) 25
- (d) 5
- (e) 15

Q65. A और B ने क्रमशः 2400 रुपये और X रुपये के निवेश के साथ एक व्यवसाय शुरू किया। 9 महीने बाद, A ने 600 रुपये जोड़े और B ने 600 रुपये निकाल लिए। यदि वर्ष के अंत में A और B का लाभ हिस्सा क्रमशः 17 : 23 है, तो X ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 3000
- (b) 4000
- (c) 4200
- (d) 3000
- (e) 3600

Q66. 600 मीटर लंबी ट्रेन A, 300 मीटर लंबे पुल को 18 सेकंड में पार कर सकती है। ट्रेन A और ट्रेन B की गति का अनुपात 2 : 1 है। यदि ट्रेन B की लंबाई, ट्रेन A की लंबाई से 25% कम है, तो ट्रेन B द्वारा पुल पार करने में लिया गया समय (सेकंड में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 30
- (b) 20
- (c) 25
- (d) 35
- (e) 15

Q67. एक वस्तु का क्रय मूल्य 500 रुपये है, और दुकानदार ने वस्तु पर क्रय मूल्य से X% अधिक मूल्य अंकित किया। यदि उसने 20% की छूट दी और 4% का लाभ अर्जित किया, तो X ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 30
- (b) 20
- (c) 10
- (d) 15
- (e) 25

Q68. एक व्यक्ति 5 वर्षों के लिए 6% साधारण ब्याज पर X रुपये का निवेश करता है और ब्याज के रूप में 1500 रुपये प्राप्त करता है। यदि वह 2 वर्षों के लिए 10% चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज पर 3X रुपये का निवेश करता है, तो उसे प्राप्त होने वाली राशि (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 13250
- (b) 17220
- (c) 14450
- (d) 12150
- (e) 18150

Q69. X की वर्तमान आयु Y की तुलना में 50% अधिक है, और Z की वर्तमान आयु, X और Y की वर्तमान आयु का औसत है। यदि पाँच वर्ष बाद Z की आयु और तीन वर्ष पहले Y की आयु के बीच का अंतर 10 वर्ष है, तो छह वर्ष बाद X की आयु ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 18 वर्ष
- (b) 22 वर्ष
- (c) 25 वर्ष
- (d) 17 वर्ष
- (e) 20 वर्ष

Q70. अपनी मासिक आय में से, A ने 50% किराए पर, शेष का 20% भोजन पर, 10% यात्रा पर खर्च किया और शेष 10800 रुपये की बचत की। यदि B की मासिक आय A की तुलना में 25% कम है, तो B की मासिक आय का 60% (रुपये में) ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 11500
- (b) 13500
- (c) 12500
- (d) 16500
- (e) 15500

English Language

Directions (71-75): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

सात व्यक्ति - A, B, C, D, E, F और G अलग-अलग फल जैसे- सेब, केला, संतरा, आम, अंगूर, कीवी और पपीता खरीदते हैं लेकिन ज़रूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में खरीदते हों। उनमें से प्रत्येक व्यक्ति सोमवार से आरंभित रविवार तक समान सप्ताह में एक के बाद एक अलग-अलग फल खरीदता है।

व्यक्ति G और आम खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति फल खरीदता है। G से पहले अधिकतम दो व्यक्ति फल खरीदते हैं। C, G से ठीक पहले फल खरीदता है। संतरा खरीदने वाला व्यक्ति, आम खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति से तीन व्यक्ति बाद उसे फल खरीदता है। E, D से दो व्यक्ति पहले कीवी खरीदता है। D संतरा नहीं खरीदता है। अंगूर खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति से पहले उतने ही व्यक्ति फल खरीदते हैं जितने व्यक्ति पपीता खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति के बाद खरीदते हैं। C और G अंगूर और सेब नहीं खरीदते हैं। A, E से ठीक पहले फल खरीदता है।

Q71. जो व्यक्ति केला खरीदता है, वह इसे किस दिन खरीदता है?

- (a) बुधवार
- (b) मंगलवार
- (c) रविवार
- (d) सोमवार
- (e) शनिवार

Q72. B से पहले फल खरीदने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या, व्यक्ति C और _____ खरीदने वाले व्यक्ति के बीच फल खरीदने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या के बराबर है।

- (a) पपीता
- (b) सेब
- (c) आम
- (d) संतरा
- (e) कीवी

Q73. निम्नलिखित में से किस व्यक्ति ने आम खरीदा?

- (a) C
- (b) A
- (c) D
- (d) B
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q74. निम्नलिखित में से कौन B के दो दिन बाद फल खरीदता है?

- (a) वह व्यक्ति जिसे अंगूर पसंद है
- (b) E
- (c) वह व्यक्ति जिसे कीवी पसंद है
- (d) F
- (e) D

Q75. व्यक्ति E और पपीता पसंद करने वाले व्यक्ति के बीच कितने व्यक्ति फल खरीदते हैं?

- (a) दो
- (b) तीन
- (c) चार
- (d) एक
- (e) पाँच

Directions (76-78): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

बिंदु N, बिंदु S के सापेक्ष में दक्षिण में है। बिंदु U, बिंदु T के सापेक्ष में उत्तर में है। बिंदु T, बिंदु N के सापेक्ष में पूर्व में है। बिंदु L, बिंदु S के सापेक्ष में पश्चिम में है।

बिंदु V, बिंदु U के सापेक्ष में उत्तर में है। बिंदु K, बिंदु M के सापेक्ष में 6 मीटर की दूरी पर दक्षिण में है। बिंदु L, बिंदु V के सापेक्ष में पश्चिम में है। बिंदु K, बिंदु V के सापेक्ष में पूर्व में है। बिंदु Q, बिंदु M के पश्चिम में 8 मीटर की दूरी पर और बिंदु V के उत्तर में है।

Q76. बिंदु N के सापेक्ष में बिंदु M किस दिशा में है?

- (a) उत्तर-पश्चिम
- (b) उत्तर-पूर्व
- (c) दक्षिण-पूर्व
- (d) दक्षिण
- (e) पूर्व

Q77. बिंदु Q और बिंदु V के बीच न्यूनतम दूरी कितनी है?

- (a) 7 मीटर
- (b) 8 मीटर
- (c) 10 मीटर
- (d) 6 मीटर
- (e) निर्धारित नहीं किया जा सकता

Q78. यदि बिंदु Q और बिंदु V के ठीक बीच में बिंदु E है (न्यूनतम दूरी पर विचार कीजिए), तो बिंदु M के सापेक्ष में बिंदु E की दिशा क्या है?

- (a) पश्चिम
- (b) दक्षिण-पूर्व
- (c) दक्षिण-पश्चिम
- (d) उत्तर
- (e) पश्चिम

Q79. शब्द 'CONCIERGE' में, अक्षरों के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं जिनके बीच अक्षरों की संख्या (आगे और पीछे दोनों दिशाओं में) उतनी ही है जितनी उनके बीच अंग्रेजी वर्णमाला में होती है?

- (a) एक
- (b) दो
- (c) चार
- (d) तीन
- (e) चार से अधिक

Directions (80-84): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

दस व्यक्ति – A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I और J एक कंपनी में काम करते हैं। उनमें से प्रत्येक तीन अलग-अलग विभागों अर्थात् वित्त, विपणन और परिचालन में से किसी एक से संबंधित है। प्रत्येक विभाग में कम से कम तीन व्यक्ति हैं, लेकिन चार से अधिक व्यक्ति नहीं हैं।

A उसी विभाग में काम करता जिस विभाग में H काम करता है लेकिन विपणन विभाग में काम नहीं करता है। D और F विभिन्न विभागों में काम करते हैं। F वित्त विभाग में काम नहीं करता है। D और I समान विभाग में काम करते हैं लेकिन H के साथ काम नहीं करते हैं। A और F अलग-अलग विभागों में काम करते हैं। I और C परिचालन विभाग में काम नहीं करते हैं और दोनों अलग-अलग विभागों में काम करते हैं। J परिचालन विभाग में काम करता है। F के साथ दो से अधिक व्यक्ति काम नहीं करते हैं। B और E समान विभाग में काम करते हैं। E विपणन विभाग में काम नहीं करता है। H और G अलग-अलग विभागों में काम करते हैं।

Q80. यदि D, B से संबंधित है और इसी प्रकार J, H से संबंधित है तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन G से संबंधित है?

- (a) I
- (b) J
- (c) E
- (d) B
- (e) C

Q81. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-कौन विपणन विभाग में काम करता है?

- (a) D, I, B
- (b) C, E, D
- (c) C, E, G
- (d) F, G, I
- (e) G, C, D

Q82. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा संयोजन सही है?

- (a) E - परिचालन
- (b) D - विपणन
- (c) A - वित्त
- (d) G - वित्त
- (e) H - परिचालन

Q83. G किस विभाग में काम करता है?

- (a) परिचालन
- (b) विपणन
- (c) वित्त
- (d) या तो विपणन या वित्त
- (e) या तो परिचालन या वित्त

Q84. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कथन सत्य है?

- (a) F और I समान विभाग में काम करते हैं
- (b) A और H अलग-अलग विभागों में काम करते हैं
- (c) B वित्त विभाग में काम करता है
- (d) G और I विपणन विभाग में काम करते हैं
- (e) F परिचालन विभाग में काम करता है

Q85. संख्या '5492473589' में, यदि सभी सम अंकों में 1 जोड़ दिया जाए और सभी विषम अंकों में से 1 घटा दिया जाए, फिर सभी दोहराए गए अंक हटा दिए जाते हैं। अब, अंकों को हटाने के बाद बनने वाली नई संख्या में दाएं छोर से दूसरे अंक और बाएं छोर से पहले अंक का योग ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 7
- (b) 5
- (c) 8
- (d) 9
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Directions (86-90): निम्नलिखित जानकारी को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

चौदह व्यक्ति दो पंक्तियों में बैठे हैं। M, N, O, P, Q, R और S पंक्ति-1 में उत्तर दिशा की ओर उन्मुख होकर बैठे हैं, जबकि T, U, V, W, X, Y और Z पंक्ति-2 में दक्षिण दिशा की ओर उन्मुख होकर बैठे हैं, लेकिन ज़रूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में बैठे हों। दोनों पंक्तियों के सभी व्यक्ति एक-दूसरे की ओर उन्मुख हैं।

V, O की ओर उन्मुख व्यक्ति के दाईं ओर से चौथे स्थान पर बैठा है। V और वह व्यक्ति जो M की ओर उन्मुख है, उनका निकटतम पड़ोसी U नहीं है। U, M की ओर उन्मुख नहीं है। O और R के बीच दो व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। R, M से चार स्थान दूर बैठा है। S और O के बीच तीन व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। V और Z के बीच तीन से अधिक व्यक्ति बैठे हैं। Z की ओर उन्मुख व्यक्ति, P के दाईं ओर से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है। X, Z से तीन स्थान दूर बैठा है। U और W के बीच एक व्यक्ति बैठा है तथा W, O की ओर उन्मुख नहीं है। Y, W से दो स्थान दूर बैठा है और Q की ओर उन्मुख है।

Q86. निम्नलिखित में से कौन Z के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति के बाईं ओर दूसरे स्थान पर बैठा है?

- (a) N
- (b) O
- (c) P
- (d) U
- (e) T

Q87. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा युग्म पंक्ति के अंतिम छोर पर बैठा है?

- (a) N, M
- (b) O, M
- (c) Z, Q
- (d) Q, O
- (e) Y, N

Q88. W के सापेक्ष में, M के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति का स्थान क्या है?

- (a) दाईं ओर चौथा
- (b) बाईं ओर चौथा
- (c) बाईं ओर तीसरा
- (d) दाईं ओर तीसरा
- (e) बाईं ओर दूसरा

Q89. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा व्यक्ति N के बाएँ से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है?

- (a) R
- (b) M
- (c) P
- (d) S
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q90. यदि O और N अपना स्थान परस्पर बदल लें, तो N के विपरीत कौन बैठा है?

- (a) W
- (b) Z
- (c) V
- (d) U
- (e) T

Directions (91-95): निम्नलिखित जानकारी को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

दस व्यक्तियों का जन्म एक ही वर्ष (जो लीप वर्ष नहीं है) के पाँच महीनों अर्थात् जनवरी, फरवरी, मार्च, अप्रैल और मई की दो अलग-अलग तारीखों अर्थात् 9 और 26 तारीख को हुआ था।

B और C के बीच तीन व्यक्ति पैदा हुए थे तथा C का जन्म सबसे कम दिनों वाले महीने में हुआ था। D और E के बीच चार व्यक्ति पैदा हुए। D का जन्म B से ठीक पहले हुआ था। H, E से ठीक छोटा है और उसका जन्म उस महीने में हुआ था जिसमें दिनों की संख्या सम है। A और H के बीच पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या, A और I के बीच पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या के बराबर है। C और G के बीच तीन से अधिक व्यक्ति पैदा हुए। J का जन्म F से पहले हुआ था।

Q91. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा व्यक्ति अप्रैल में पैदा हुआ था?

- (a) D
- (b) B
- (c) A
- (d) G
- (e) D और B दोनों

Q92. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?

- I. D का जन्म 9 अप्रैल को हुआ था
- II. E का जन्म 26 फरवरी को हुआ था
- III. G का जन्म D के बाद हुआ था
- (a) I और II दोनों
- (b) केवल I
- (c) केवल II
- (d) I और III दोनों
- (e) सभी I, II और III

Q93. J और I के बीच J की समान तारीख पर कितने व्यक्ति पैदा हुए?

- (a) दो
- (b) तीन
- (c) कोई नहीं
- (d) एक
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q94. G का जन्म किस तारीख पर और किस महीने में हुआ था?

- (a) 26 मई
- (b) 26 अप्रैल
- (c) 9 मई
- (d) 9 अप्रैल
- (e) 9 मार्च

Q95. J और C के बीच पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या, A और G के बीच पैदा हुए व्यक्तियों की संख्या से _____ है।

- (a) दो अधिक
- (b) एक कम
- (c) दो कम
- (d) तीन अधिक
- (e) एक अधिक

Directions (96-100): निम्नलिखित जानकारी को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

सात बॉक्स - P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक के ऊपर एक करके एक स्टैक के रूप में रखे हुए हैं। प्रत्येक बॉक्स में अलग-अलग वस्तुएँ जैसे - पेन, इरेज़र, रंग, पेंसिल, स्केल, मार्कर और हाइलाइटर हैं, लेकिन इसी क्रम में नहीं हैं।

बॉक्स Q को उस बॉक्स के ऊपर रखा गया है जिसमें मार्कर है। बॉक्स Q के ऊपर जितने बॉक्स रखे हैं, बॉक्स R के नीचे भी उतने ही बॉक्स हैं। जिस बॉक्स में मार्कर है उसे बॉक्स P से तीन बॉक्स ऊपर रखा गया है। जिस बॉक्स में रंग हैं उसे बॉक्स R के ठीक ऊपर रखा गया है। बॉक्स R और जिस बॉक्स में हाइलाइटर है, उनके बीच चार बॉक्स रखे गए हैं। बॉक्स S और बॉक्स T के बीच रखे गए बॉक्स की संख्या, बॉक्स T और वह बॉक्स जिसमें रंग हैं, के बीच रखे गए बॉक्स की संख्या से एक अधिक है। बॉक्स V को उस बॉक्स के नीचे रखा गया है जिसमें स्केल है लेकिन ठीक नीचे नहीं रखा गया है। बॉक्स U को उस बॉक्स से तीन बॉक्स ऊपर रखा गया है जिसमें इरेज़र है। जिस बॉक्स में पेन है उसे उस बॉक्स के ऊपर रखा गया है जिसमें पेंसिल है।

Q96. बॉक्स U और पेंसिल वाले बॉक्स के बीच कितने बॉक्स रखे गए हैं?

- (a) दो
- (b) चार से अधिक
- (c) चार
- (d) एक
- (e) तीन

Q97. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा/से कथन सत्य नहीं है/हैं?

- I. बॉक्स P को बॉक्स S के ऊपर रखा गया है
- II. बॉक्स Q और बॉक्स T के बीच विषम संख्या में बॉक्स रखे गए हैं
- III. बॉक्स Q में स्केल है
- (a) केवल I
- (b) केवल II
- (c) I और II दोनों
- (d) I और III दोनों
- (e) II और III दोनों

Q98. बॉक्स Q से तीन बॉक्स नीचे निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा बॉक्स रखा गया है?

- (a) बॉक्स T
- (b) वह बॉक्स जिसमें मार्कर है
- (c) बॉक्स R
- (d) बॉक्स V
- (e) वह बॉक्स जिसमें हाइलाइटर है

Q99. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा संयोजन सही है?

- (a) बॉक्स R- पेंसिल
- (b) बॉक्स V- इरेज़र
- (c) बॉक्स Q- पेन
- (d) बॉक्स P- हाइलाइटर
- (e) कोई भी सही नहीं है

Q100. निम्नलिखित में से किस बॉक्स में पेन है?

- (a) बॉक्स T
- (b) बॉक्स Q
- (c) बॉक्स R
- (d) बॉक्स V
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Solutions

S1. Ans. (b)

Sol. The passage states that with the outbreak of COVID-19, "lockdowns, border closures, and travel bans were enforced worldwide," which led to a **decline in passenger traffic by over 60%**. Other options are either **irrelevant** or **not mentioned**.

S2. Ans. (c)

Sol. The passage details how SunWings invested in **contactless ticketing, air filtration, staff training, and hygiene protocols**, all reflecting a **strategic focus on digital and safety upgrades**.

S3. Ans. (d)

Sol. The passage clearly states that **SunWings was struggling, with only 62 passengers per week** before COVID, hence option (d) is false.

S4. Ans. (c)

Sol. The passage states that companies like SunWings **responded with innovation and resilience**, which helped them recover and grow.

S5. Ans. (a)

Sol. Only (I) is supported: the passage clearly notes a **shift in consumer preferences** to safety and flexibility. (II) is contradicted by SunWings' success despite being a **small operator**. (III) is not mentioned.

S6. Ans. (c)

Sol. The final lines emphasize that "**safety, flexibility, and digitisation** now dominate consumer preferences," making adaptability and technology central to recovery.

S7. Ans. (a)

Sol. The passage clearly indicates that as **air travel was restricted**, people began **using regional transport more**.

- (a) "more people turned to" aligns with this trend.
- (b) suggests people **stopped using** road travel — **opposite meaning**.
- (c) implies **reluctance**, which is not stated or implied.
- (d) claims people **declined offers**, again contradicting the passage.
- (e) introduces **skepticism**, which was not reflected in the passage's tone.
- Thus, only **option (a)** matches the intended idea accurately but subtly.

S8. Ans. (c)

Sol. In this context, "**last**" refers to a **time frame** — specifically, the **previous 20 years**.

- (a) "ultimate" and (b) "final" refer to the **end point**, not a time span
- (d) "recent" means **not long ago**, which isn't implied here

- (e) "concluding" implies something **ending**, again incorrect in this context
- Hence, "**previous**" is the best synonym

S9. Ans. (b)

Sol. The word "**poise**" here refers to **calmness, self-control, and grace under pressure**.

- (a) "panic" is the opposite
- (c) "hesitation" implies uncertainty
- (d) and (e) are unrelated to calm leadership
- Therefore, "**composure**" is the closest synonym.

S10. Ans. (a)

Sol. The correct option is (a) *brimming, instilled*.

- *Brimming* means full to the point of overflowing (भरा हुआ), and *instilled* means gradually but firmly established (जमा देना).
- The speech was full of optimism and implanted hope.

Example:

- Her eyes were brimming with tears of joy.
- The teacher instilled confidence in the shy student.

Why Other Options Fail:

- **(b)** Loaded → negative connotation; Concluded → no link to hope.
- **(c)** Vague → unclear; not optimistic. Removed → doesn't match 'sense of hope'.
- **(d)** Shallow → lacks depth; Hampered → means obstructed.
- **(e)** Infused → possible, but *revealed* doesn't mean "created a sense of hope".

S11. Ans. (b)

Sol. The correct answer is (b) *strategic, genuine*.

- *Strategic* means well-planned (रणनीतिक), and *genuine* means real/sincere (सच्चा).
- The sentence implies effective and authentic handling of crisis.

Example:

- She followed a strategic plan to solve the dispute.
- His apology was genuine and heartfelt.

Why Other Options Fail:

- **(a)** Clumsy/Fake – both carry negative tone.
- **(c)** Reckless – means careless.
- **(d)** Spontaneous – unplanned; Erratic – unpredictable.
- **(e)** Minimal/Loud – don't align with efficient and calm handling.

S12. Ans. (c)

Sol. The correct answer is (c) *condemned, evoked*.

- *Condemned* means strongly criticized (निंदा की गई), and *evoked* means brought out/elicited (उत्पन्न किया).

• Critics disapproved, but the audience felt emotionally moved.

Example:

- The government condemned the attack.
- The scene evoked memories of childhood.

Why Other Options Fail:

- **(a)** Appreciated → contradicts emotional response vs. critics' reaction.
- **(b)** Predicted → not contextually linked to emotions.
- **(d)** Applauded + generated = both positive, no contrast.
- **(e)** Honored/Created – don't show the opposing reactions clearly.

S13. Ans. (b)

Sol. The correct answer is (b) *simple, implications*.

- *Simple* means easy or uncomplicated (सरल), and *implications* means consequences or effects (परिणाम).
- The sentence shows contrast: seemed easy but had long-term impacts.

Example:

- His idea was simple and effective.
- The new rule has financial implications.

Why Other Options Fail:

- **(a)** Complications → doesn't match "beneficial".
- **(c)** Suggestions → not synonymous with "impacts".
- **(d)** Effects → too vague; Vague/simple doesn't contrast well.
- **(e)** Procedures → irrelevant to financial outcome.

S14. Ans. (b)

Sol. The correct answer is (b) *thoroughly, lucid*.

- *Thoroughly* means completely and in detail (पूरी तरह से), and *lucid* means clear and easy to understand (स्पष्ट).
- The sentence praises the journalist's careful work and clarity.

Example:

- He thoroughly investigated the matter.
- Her explanation was lucid and helpful.

Why Other Options Fail:

- **(a)** Hurriedly/unbiased – negative tone.
- **(c)** Randomly → lacks method; Aggressive → wrong tone.
- **(d)** Poorly/responsible – Both are opposite of each other.
- **(e)** Selectively/Unclear – implies biased or unclear reporting.

S15. Ans. (a)

Sol. Option (a) is correct.

The correct form is: *By the time she reaches the station, the train will have left.*

This sentence involves the **future perfect tense** which is paired with a **simple present tense** in the time clause. The phrase "By the time" takes **present simple tense** (not future) even though it refers to the future.

Grammar rule used:

In time clauses introduced by **when, before, after, until, or by the time**, we use **present simple tense** to refer to the future, not **future tense**.

Correct sentence:

By the time she reaches the station, the train will have left.

Example:

- By the time you **finish** your homework, I **will have cooked** dinner.

Why other options fail:

- (b) "had reached" = past perfect, doesn't fit a future context.
- (c) "would have reached" = conditional, incorrect structure.
- (d) "is reaching" = present continuous, not idiomatic here.
- (e) No replacement required → wrong because "will reach" is incorrect in time clauses.

S16. Ans. (a)

Sol. Option (a) is correct.

The correct sentence is: "Neither of the boys has finished his homework yet."

Grammar Rule Used:

- "Neither" is a singular subject, even though it refers to one of two people.
- Therefore, it must take a singular verb (has, not *have*).
- The pronoun referring to a singular antecedent like "neither" must also be singular — hence, "his", not *their/her*.

Correct Sentence:

Neither of the boys has finished his homework yet.

Example Sentences:

- Neither of the answers is correct.
- Neither of the girls has submitted her form.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- (b) have finished his → Verb "have" is plural, but "neither" is singular.
- (c) has finished their → "Has" is correct, but "their" is plural; pronoun mismatch.
- (d) has finished her → "Her" is incorrect; the subject is boys, so the pronoun should be his.
- (e) No replacement required → Incorrect because "have" is wrong for a singular subject like "neither".

S17. Ans. (b)

Sol. Option (b) is correct.

The correct phrase is: *Had I known about the event, I would have attended it.*

This sentence is an example of **inversion used in third conditional sentences**. "Had I known" replaces "If I had known", and the verb must be in the **past participle form**: *known*, not *knew*.

Grammar rule used:

- In **third conditionals**, we use:
- **If + had + past participle, ... would have + past participle**

- **Inversion structure** allows dropping "if" and starting with "Had".
- The verb after "had" must be in **past participle** form.

Correct sentence:

Had I known about the event, I would have attended it.

Example:

- If she had studied, she would have passed.
- → Had she studied, she would have passed.

Why other options fail:

- (a) "had knew" – *knew* is simple past, incorrect form.
- (c) "have known" – incorrect tense for third conditional.
- (d) "Did I know" – changes meaning, not a conditional.
- (e) No replacement → incorrect because "knew" is grammatically wrong in inversion.

S18. Ans. (c)

Sol. Blank (A):

Sentence:

"...in recent years, there has been a (A)_____ shift toward locally grown foods."

Correct Answer: (c) significant

Why (c) significant is correct:

Meaning (English): important, meaningful, notable

Meaning (Hindi): महत्वपूर्ण / अहम

Explanation: A *significant shift* suggests a major or impactful change, which fits perfectly with the idea that the movement toward local food is not just a trend but an important development.

Example: There has been a significant rise in remote working after the pandemic.

Why other options are incorrect:

(a) anticipant

Meaning: someone who anticipates or looks forward to something

Incorrect usage: It is a **noun**, not suitable for describing a "shift."

(b) subtle

Meaning: slight or not obvious

Doesn't fit well: The passage highlights a major movement, so "subtle" downplays its impact.

(d) regularized

Meaning: made consistent or regulated

Context mismatch: Doesn't describe the nature or size of the shift.

(e) propellant

Meaning: a substance that propels (like in rockets)

Incorrect part of speech: It's a noun or adjective, unrelated to "shift."

Final Answer:

(c) significant

S19. Ans. (d)

Sol. The correct word to fill in the blank (B) is **(d) distant**.

Explanation:

The passage discusses transportation routes associated with imported goods, implying that these routes are longer or farther away. The word "distant" fits well in this context, as it suggests something far away or remote, which aligns with the concept of imported goods having longer transportation routes compared to locally grown produce.

Thus, the correct answer is **(d) distant**.

Here's why the other options are incorrect for blank (B):

(a) associate: This word refers to something being connected or related to something else. It doesn't make sense in the context of describing the "routes" as it would imply an abstract connection, not a physical or geographical characteristic of the routes.

(b) astound: This word means to shock or surprise. It doesn't relate to the concept of transportation routes. You wouldn't describe routes as "astounding"; it's unrelated to the idea of distance or location.

(c) elaborate: This means to explain something in more detail or make something more complex. It doesn't fit because the sentence is talking about the physical nature of transportation routes, not about providing more information or complexity.

(e) unified: This word refers to being brought together or made into a whole. It's unrelated to the physical description of the routes, which need to be described in terms of distance or proximity, not how they are joined or unified.

Hence, **(d) distant** is the most appropriate because it accurately describes the physical distance of transportation routes.

S20. Ans. (b)

Sol. The correct word to fill in the blank (C) is **(b) limited**.

Explanation:

The passage discusses the challenges small farmers face in competing with large agricultural corporations, and the word in blank (C) should reflect the idea of restricted or insufficient access to resources. "Limited" accurately conveys the concept of having restricted or insufficient access to resources and subsidies, which is a common challenge for small farmers.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

(a) privileged: This would imply that small farmers have special or advantageous access to resources, which contradicts the idea that they struggle to compete with large corporations. "Privileged" doesn't fit the context.

(c) excessive: This suggests too much access, which is the opposite of the intended meaning in the context. Small farmers typically don't have "excessive" access to resources.

(d) balanced: While balanced access is desirable, it doesn't reflect the struggle of small farmers. The passage implies that small farmers face a challenge due to limited access, not a perfectly balanced one.

(e) generous: This word would imply that small farmers have abundant access to resources, which is the opposite of what the passage describes. Small farmers struggle because their access is not generous.

Thus, the correct answer is **(b) limited**.

S21. Ans. (e)

Sol. The correct word to fill in the blank (D) is **(e) uncertainty**.

Explanation:

The passage discusses the additional challenges posed by climate change and unpredictable weather patterns, which create a layer of difficulty for local growers. The word "uncertainty" accurately captures the unpredictable nature of climate change and weather, which forces local farmers to adapt and adopt more resilient farming practices.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

(a) assistance: This means help or support, which doesn't fit the context. The passage is talking about the challenges faced by farmers due to climate change, not support or help.

(b) existing: This word refers to something that already exists, but it doesn't make sense in the context of the unpredictability and challenges caused by climate change, which are not "existing" conditions.

(c) routine: This refers to something regular or habitual, which is not relevant here. The passage describes challenges due to unpredictability, not something routine or expected.

(d) rectification: This refers to correction or improvement of something, which doesn't fit the idea of challenges posed by unpredictable weather patterns. The passage talks about the difficulties due to uncertainty, not about fixing a problem.

Thus, the correct answer is **(e) uncertainty**.

S22. Ans. (d)

Sol. The correct word to fill in the blank (E) is **(d) promote**.

Explanation:

The passage talks about how consumer support plays a critical role in supporting sustainable agriculture. The word "promote" fits perfectly here as it means to encourage or support the growth of something, which is the role of consumers in helping sustainable agriculture thrive.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

(a) affirm: This means to confirm or assert something positively. It doesn't fit the context of supporting or encouraging sustainable agriculture, as it's more about agreement or confirmation than actively helping it grow.

(b) limited: This word refers to something restricted or small in amount. It doesn't make sense in the context of helping or encouraging the growth of sustainable agriculture.

(c) scale: This refers to the size, level, or extent of something. It doesn't fit well in the context of supporting sustainable agriculture. You wouldn't "scale" sustainable agriculture in the same way you would "promote" it.

(e) conceal: This means to hide or keep something out of sight. This word is the opposite of what the sentence is aiming to convey. Instead of hiding, the passage is talking about supporting or encouraging sustainable practices.

Thus, the correct answer is **(d) promote**.

S23. Ans. (b)

Sol. The correct word to fill in the blank (F) is **(b) transform**.

Explanation:

The passage talks about how the movement toward locally grown foods could potentially change the future of farming, making it more ethical and ecologically balanced. The word "transform" fits perfectly because it implies a significant change or shift, which is the intended meaning in this context.

Here's why the other options are incorrect:

(a) prevail: This means to be victorious or to triumph, but it doesn't fit the context of changing the future of farming. It suggests success, but not a change in direction.

(c) maintain: This means to keep something the same or continue it as it is. This doesn't fit the idea of creating a new, ethical, and ecologically balanced system. The passage suggests change, not maintaining the status quo.

(d) acquire: This means to obtain or get something. It doesn't relate to changing the future of farming. The passage focuses on transformation, not acquisition.

(e) duplicate: This means to make an exact copy. It doesn't make sense in the context of farming's future. The passage implies a shift or change, not just copying the existing system.

Thus, the correct answer is **(b) transform**.

S24. Ans. (b)

Sol. the correct answer is **option (b): A-C & B-D**. Let's analyze it step by step.

Original sentence with highlighted words:

"Emulating great people and (A) build from them what we (B) reserves in our own understanding can (C) imbibing our own (D) lack of humility."

Step 1: Meanings of the Highlighted Words

Word	English Meaning	Hindi Meaning	Example Sentence
build (A)	To construct or develop something	बनाना / विकसित करना	She plans to build a career in medicine.
reserves (B)	Keeps aside; stores for future use; sometimes also refers to hesitation	भंडार / संकोच	He always reserves some energy for later.
imbibing (C)	Absorbing or taking in (ideas, knowledge, or liquid)	आत्मसात करना / पीना	Children are good at imbibing new languages.
lack (D)	Absence or shortage of something	कमी	He has a lack of motivation to study.

Why Interchange A-C and B-D is Needed

Let's first do the swaps:

- Swap **A (build)** with **C (imbibing)**
- Swap **B (reserves)** with **D (lack)**

New sentence after swap:

"Emulating great people and imbibing from them what we lack in our own understanding can build our own reserves of humility."

Why This Sentence Is Now Correct

- "Emulating great people and imbibing from them..."
 - Correct: "imbibing" (absorbing) fits well with ideas/values from others.
- "...what we lack in our own understanding..."
 - Correct: "lack" (shortage) matches with "understanding".
- "...can build our own reserves of humility."
 - Correct: "build" suits the idea of creating or forming something.
 - "reserves" fits with stored quantity (here, humility).

Why the Original Version Is Incorrect

- "build from them" is incorrect — the verb "build" does not go with "from them" naturally.
- "reserves in our own understanding" is awkward — "reserves" does not logically fit with "understanding."
- "imbibing our own lack of humility" is grammatically and contextually awkward — no one imbibes a lack.
- So, the original structure leads to both grammatical and logical issues.

Correct Final Sentence (After Swap):

"Emulating great people and imbibing from them what we lack in our own understanding can build our own reserves of humility."

Final Answer: Option (b) A-C & B-D

S25. Ans. (a)

Sol. The correct answer is **option (a) A-C.**

Meanings of the Highlighted Words:

Word	English Meaning	Hindi Meaning	Example Sentence
due (A)	Expected, caused by, or owed	कारण / देय	The delay was due to bad weather.
competition (B)	The act of competing or rivalry	प्रतिस्पर्धा	There is tough competition in the tech market.
stiff (C)	Rigid, difficult, or intense (context: stiff competition)	कड़ा / सख्त	The exam was stiff , but she passed.
pandemic (D)	A global outbreak of a disease	महामारी	The pandemic disrupted supply chains globally.

Correction: Why Swap A-C Is Required

Let's do the swap between:

- A (due) \rightleftharpoons C (stiff)

After swapping:

"There is stiff competition in the eCommerce industry which has gone up due to the pandemic at hand."

Why the new sentence is correct:

- "Stiff competition" is a common collocation: it means intense rivalry.
- "Gone up due to the pandemic" is correct: "due to" shows the cause of rising competition.

Why the original sentence is wrong:

- "Due competition" is grammatically off in this context. "Due" here wrongly implies something owed.
- "Gone up stiff to the pandemic" is incorrect – "stiff to" is not a valid phrase, and it misuses both preposition and adjective.

Final Correct Sentence:

"There is stiff competition in the eCommerce industry which has gone up due to the pandemic at hand."

Final Answer: (a) A-C

S26. Ans. (d)

Sol. Original Sentence:

We must first (A) understanding our (B) strengths and have an accurate (C) embrace of our (D) humanness and weaknesses.

Highlighted Words:

Word	English Meaning	Hindi Meaning	Example Sentence
(A) understanding	The ability to comprehend or grasp something	समझ / ज्ञान	We need a clear understanding of the rules.
(B) strengths	Qualities or features that give advantage or power	ताकत / मजबूत पक्ष	Knowing your strengths helps in self-growth.
(C) embrace	To accept something willingly and enthusiastically	अपनाना / स्वीकार करना	We should embrace our flaws with grace.
(D) humanness	The quality of being human; human nature	मानवीयता	Compassion is an essential part of humanness .

Correct Answer: (d) C-A & B-D

Why Swap Is Needed:

Let's apply the swaps step by step:

1. Swap C (embrace) with A (understanding)
2. Swap B (strengths) with D (humanness)

New Sentence After Swap:

"We must first embrace our humanness and have an accurate understanding of our strengths and weaknesses."

Why This Sentence Is Correct:

- "Embrace our humanness" is a logical and commonly used phrase, meaning to accept your human limitations and nature.

- "An accurate understanding of our strengths and weaknesses" is grammatically and contextually correct.

Why the Original Sentence Was Wrong:

- "We must first understanding" – incorrect verb form. It should be "embrace" (base form) after "must".
- "An accurate embrace of our strengths" is awkward and not idiomatic.
- "Understanding our strengths" is a valid idea, but placing "embrace" first matches the intended structure better.

Final Correct Sentence:

"We must first embrace our humanness and have an accurate understanding of our strengths and weaknesses."

Final Answer: (d) C-A & B-D

S27. Ans. (c)

Sol. Original Sentence:

"The technology we have at our (A) detail today can very well automate (B) streamline tasks and (C) mundane operations that require more attention to (D) disposal."

Highlighted Words & Meanings:

Word	English Meaning	Hindi Meaning	Example Sentence
(A) detail	A small part of something; particular information	विवरण	He explained every detail of the plan carefully.
(B) streamline	To make a system/process more efficient and simple	सरल बनाना / कारगर बनाना	The company aims to streamline its operations.
(C) mundane	Dull, ordinary, lacking excitement	साधारण / उबाऊ	She was tired of the mundane routine of office work.
(D) disposal	The act of getting rid of something; availability for use	निपटान / उपलब्धता	The car was at his disposal for the entire day.

Correct Answer: (c) A-D & B-C

Let's perform the required swaps:

1. Swap A (detail) with D (disposal)
2. Swap B (streamline) with C (mundane)

New Sentence After Swap:

"The technology we have at our disposal today can very well automate mundane tasks and streamline operations that require more attention to detail."

Why This Is Correct:

- "At our disposal" means **available for our use**, which is the correct phrase in this context.

- "Mundane tasks" (boring, repetitive jobs) and "streamline operations" (make efficient) is a common and logical combination.

- "Attention to detail" is a well-known and grammatically correct phrase meaning carefulness about small elements.

Why the Original Was Incorrect:

- "At our detail" is incorrect; the phrase should be "at our disposal."
- "Automate streamline tasks" is grammatically clumsy; it should be "automate mundane tasks and streamline operations."
- "More attention to disposal" is illogical; it should be "attention to detail."

Final Correct Sentence:

"The technology we have at our disposal today can very well automate mundane tasks and streamline operations that require more attention to detail."

Final Answer: (c) A-D & B-C

Directions (28-30): In the following question, a sentence is divided into few parts. Rearrange these parts and identify the correct sequence making the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

S28. Ans. (c)

Sol. The correct answer is: (c) DCEAB

Explanation of the Sequence (DCEAB):

- (D) introduces the main topic: "the NEET UG 2025"
- (C) continues logically with what about it: "counselling choice filling window"
- (E) gives the action and time: "closes today, with final..."
- (A) adds the detail of what opens: "locking open from..."
- (B) completes the time frame: "4 PM to 11:59 PM"

Final Reconstructed Sentence:

The NEET UG 2025 counselling choice filling window closes today, with final locking open from 4 PM to 11:59 PM.

This sentence is clear, grammatically correct, and contextually meaningful.

S29. Ans. (d)

Sol. Correct Sequence: (ECDBA)

Let's break it down:

- (E): "the Telugu film industry has" — subject of the sentence
- (C): "come to a standstill as employees" — describes what happened to the industry
- (D): "federation begins a strike on" — gives the reason for the standstill
- (B): "August 4 demanding a" — continues the strike timing and purpose
- (A): "30% wage hike" — completes the demand

Reconstructed Sentence:

The Telugu film industry has come to a standstill as employees' federation begins a strike on August 4 demanding a 30% wage hike.

This sequence maintains proper subject-verb-object structure and chronological clarity.

S30. Ans. (b)

Sol. Correct Answer: (b) ACEBD

Explanation of the Sequence:

Let's examine each part:

- **(A):** "Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos Jr." – introduces the subject.
- **(C):** "arrives in India for a state" – tells what the subject is doing.
- **(E):** "visit from August 4 to 8 to" – provides the time frame and purpose of the visit.
- **(B):** "explore trade, investment," – begins listing objectives.
- **(D):** "and maritime cooperation" – completes the list of objectives.

S31. Ans. (a)

Sol. Correct Answer: (a) BADCE

Explanation of the Sequence:

Let's break down each part and why they fit together in this order:

- **(B):** "the RBI is expected to keep its" – introduces the subject and action (expectation about the RBI).
- **(A):** "benchmark rate at 5.50% on" – completes the clause about the rate and gives a specific figure and date context.
- **(D):** "August 6, though U.S. tariffs on" – continues with the date and introduces a contrasting clause with "though."
- **(C):** "Indian exports have sparked" – completes the thought introduced in D about the impact of U.S. tariffs.
- **(E):** "talks of a possible rate cut" – wraps up the sentence by stating the consequence of the sparked reaction.

Reconstructed Sentence:

The RBI is expected to keep its benchmark rate at 5.50% on August 6, though U.S. tariffs on Indian exports have sparked talks of a possible rate cut.

This sequence ensures:

- Proper grammatical construction,
- Logical flow from RBI's decision to the effect of external trade developments,
- Correct use of contrast ("though") and cause-effect ("sparked talks").

S32. Ans (e)

Sol. The correct answer is: (e) No error

Explanation of Sentence Structure:

The sentence reads:

"China's high growth based on resource-intensive manufacturing, exports, and low-paid labor has largely reached its limits and has led to economic, social, and environmental imbalances."

Let's examine each part:

(A) "China's high growth based on resource"

- Grammatically correct.
- It sets up the subject: China's growth based on resources.
- Continues into: **"resource-intensive manufacturing"** – a compound adjective, correctly hyphenated.

(B) "intensive manufacturing, exports, and"

- Continues from A and lists elements of China's economic structure.
- Use of commas for listing is correct.
- "Exports" and "low-paid labor" are grammatically parallel.

(C) "low-paid labor has largely reached its limits and"

- "Low-paid" is a correctly formed compound adjective.
- Subject-verb agreement is correct: singular subject "growth" → singular verb "has reached."
- Tense usage is appropriate: **Present Perfect** – "has reached."

(D) "has led to economic, social, and environmental imbalances"

- Parallelism is maintained in listing three kinds of imbalances: economic, social, and environmental.
- The second verb "has led" correctly follows from the same subject "growth."

Conclusion:

- No grammatical or contextual errors.
- Sentence is clear, well-structured, and uses accurate punctuation and verb agreement.

Final Answer: (e) No error

S33. Ans (c)

Sol. The correct answer is: (c) C

Error Identification:

Let's look at the sentence part-by-part:

(A) "Before the pandemic, the city"

Correct.

- Sets the time context and introduces the subject.
- Grammatically sound.

(B) "airport grappled with severe bottlenecks"

Correct.

- "Grappled with" is a correct phrasal verb meaning "struggled with."
- "Severe bottlenecks" is an appropriate noun phrase.

(C) "as the terminals couldn't handled"

Incorrect.

- **Error: "couldn't handled" is grammatically incorrect.**
- After a modal verb like **"could"**, the **base form of the verb** should be used.
- **Correct form: "couldn't handle"** (not "handled").

Rule:

Modal verbs (can, could, may, might, should, etc.) are always followed by the **base form** of the verb, **not the past or -ed form**.

Example:

She could went to the market. (incorrect)

She could go to the market. (correct)

(D) "the traffic, with passengers bearing the brunt of it"

Correct.

- "Bearing the brunt" is a valid idiomatic expression meaning **suffering the worst part** of a bad situation.

Corrected sentence:

"Before the pandemic, the city airport grappled with severe bottlenecks as the terminals couldn't handle the traffic, with passengers bearing the brunt of it."

Final Answer: (c) C

S34. Ans (d)

Sol. The correct answer is: **(d) D**

Detailed Explanation:

Let's analyze each part of the sentence:

(A) "A remedial measure to cure the"

Correct.

- Grammatically sound.
- The phrase "a remedial measure to cure the..." is standard in formal writing.

(B) "patriarchal mindset of the socio-legal system"

Correct.

- This is a proper noun phrase.
- "Patriarchal mindset" and "socio-legal system" are commonly used in legal and sociological contexts.

(C) "would be the inclusion of feminist"

Correct.

- Verb phrase is clear and correctly formed.

(D) "jurisprudence in the curriculum by law students."

Incorrect.

- The error is in the **prepositional phrase**: "by law students".
- It wrongly implies that **students are designing the curriculum**, which is **not the intended meaning**.

Correction:

Replace "by law students" with "for law students".

Grammatical Rule:

Use "for" when something is **intended for someone's benefit or use**.

- "inclusion in the curriculum by law students" → implies students are making the curriculum. (incorrect)
- "inclusion in the curriculum for law students" → correctly implies the subject (feminist jurisprudence) is being added **to benefit students**. (correct)

Corrected Sentence:

"A remedial measure to cure the patriarchal mindset of the socio-legal system would be the inclusion of feminist jurisprudence in the curriculum for law students."

Final Answer: (d) D

S35. Ans (d)

Sol. The correct answer is: **(d) D**

Detailed Explanation:

Let's break down the sentence part by part:

(A) "As the euphoria of a decade ago turns to ashes,"

Correct.

- Grammatically sound.

- It uses the present tense "turns" appropriately for a current state arising from past events.

(B) "the Tunisian experience has exposed the daunting challenges"

Correct.

- Subject-verb agreement is accurate.
- "Has exposed" matches the singular subject "experience."

(C) "in achieving political and economic change after"

Correct.

- Preposition "in" is correctly used before the gerund "achieving."
- The phrase logically connects the cause and effect.

(D) "an authoritarian order has overthrown"

Incorrect.

- The phrase "has overthrown" implies **the authoritarian order is the doer** of the action.
- But the **intended meaning** is that **the authoritarian order was the one overthrown** (i.e., it was removed).

Correct Grammar Rule:

To indicate that **the authoritarian regime was removed**, we must use the **passive voice**:

- **Active:** He has overthrown the order.
- **Passive:** The order has been overthrown.

Corrected version:

"...after an authoritarian order **has been overthrown**."

Final Answer: (d) D

S36. Ans. (b)

Sol. Correct Sequence: F - E - B - C - A - D

Explanation and Logic:

(F) - This **opens** the paragraph with a general overview, introducing the main theme: the **modern increase in sugar consumption** and its growing health concern.

(E) - Supports and **expands** the idea in (F) by explaining **how** people are unknowingly consuming more sugar—through processed foods and drinks.

(B) - Adds a **critical evaluation** of sugar, pointing out that despite its popularity, sugar **lacks nutrients** and contributes **empty calories**. This logically follows (E), reinforcing the health concern.

(C) - Introduces a **specific health issue**: how sugar impacts **metabolism and insulin**, directly leading into the harmful physiological effects.

(A) - Naturally follows (C), listing the **long-term health consequences** like obesity and heart disease, tying individual effects to chronic conditions.

(D) - Acts as the **conclusion**, offering a **solution** and summarizing that reducing sugar intake can improve health—closing the paragraph on a forward-looking note.

S37. Ans. (b)

Sol. Correct Sequence: F - E - B - C - A - D

Explanation and Logic:

(F) – This **opens** the paragraph with a general overview, introducing the main theme: the **modern increase in sugar consumption** and its growing health concern.

(E) – Supports and **expands** the idea in (F) by explaining **how** people are unknowingly consuming more sugar—through processed foods and drinks.

(B) – Adds a **critical evaluation** of sugar, pointing out that despite its popularity, sugar **lacks nutrients** and contributes **empty calories**. This logically follows (E), reinforcing the health concern.

(C) – Introduces a **specific health issue**: how sugar impacts **metabolism and insulin**, directly leading into the harmful physiological effects.

(A) – Naturally follows (C), listing the **long-term health consequences** like obesity and heart disease, tying individual effects to chronic conditions.

(D) – Acts as the **conclusion**, offering a **solution** and summarizing that reducing sugar intake can improve health—closing the paragraph on a forward-looking note.

S38. Ans. (a)

Sol. Correct Sequence: F – E – B – C – A – D

Explanation and Logic:

(F) – This **opens** the paragraph with a general overview, introducing the main theme: the **modern increase in sugar consumption** and its growing health concern.

(E) – Supports and **expands** the idea in (F) by explaining **how** people are unknowingly consuming more sugar—through processed foods and drinks.

(B) – Adds a **critical evaluation** of sugar, pointing out that despite its popularity, sugar **lacks nutrients** and contributes **empty calories**. This logically follows (E), reinforcing the health concern.

(C) – Introduces a **specific health issue**: how sugar impacts **metabolism and insulin**, directly leading into the harmful physiological effects.

(A) – Naturally follows (C), listing the **long-term health consequences** like obesity and heart disease, tying individual effects to chronic conditions.

(D) – Acts as the **conclusion**, offering a **solution** and summarizing that reducing sugar intake can improve health—closing the paragraph on a forward-looking note.

S39. Ans. (e)

Sol. Correct Sequence: F – E – B – C – A – D

Explanation and Logic:

(F) – This **opens** the paragraph with a general overview, introducing the main theme: the **modern increase in sugar consumption** and its growing health concern.

(E) – Supports and **expands** the idea in (F) by explaining **how** people are unknowingly consuming more sugar—through processed foods and drinks.

(B) – Adds a **critical evaluation** of sugar, pointing out that despite its popularity, sugar **lacks nutrients** and contributes **empty calories**. This logically follows (E), reinforcing the health concern.

(C) – Introduces a **specific health issue**: how sugar impacts **metabolism and insulin**, directly leading into the harmful physiological effects.

(A) – Naturally follows (C), listing the **long-term health consequences** like obesity and heart disease, tying individual effects to chronic conditions.

(D) – Acts as the **conclusion**, offering a **solution** and summarizing that reducing sugar intake can improve health—closing the paragraph on a forward-looking note.

S40. Ans. (d)

Sol. Correct Sequence: F – E – B – C – A – D

Explanation and Logic:

(F) – This **opens** the paragraph with a general overview, introducing the main theme: the **modern increase in sugar consumption** and its growing health concern.

(E) – Supports and **expands** the idea in (F) by explaining **how** people are unknowingly consuming more sugar—through processed foods and drinks.

(B) – Adds a **critical evaluation** of sugar, pointing out that despite its popularity, sugar **lacks nutrients** and contributes **empty calories**. This logically follows (E), reinforcing the health concern.

(C) – Introduces a **specific health issue**: how sugar impacts **metabolism and insulin**, directly leading into the harmful physiological effects.

(A) – Naturally follows (C), listing the **long-term health consequences** like obesity and heart disease, tying individual effects to chronic conditions.

(D) – Acts as the **conclusion**, offering a **solution** and summarizing that reducing sugar intake can improve health—closing the paragraph on a forward-looking note.

Sol (41-46)

दुकान A में,

बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड का प्रतिशत = 35%

बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड का प्रतिशत = 100% - 35% = 65%

65% = 325

1% = 5

100% = 500

35% = 175

इसी प्रकार अन्य के लिए भी

दुकान	कुल कीबोर्ड	वायर्ड कीबोर्ड	वायरलेस कीबोर्ड
A	500	325	175
B	$425 \times \frac{100}{100-32} = 625$	425	$625 - 425 = 200$
C	$350 \times \frac{100}{100-50} = 700$	350	$700 - 350 = 350$
D	$375 \times \frac{100}{100-70} = 1250$	375	$1250 - 375 = 875$
E	$400 \times \frac{100}{100-80} = 2000$	400	$2000 - 400 = 1600$

S41. Ans. (a)

Sol.

अभीष्ट अनुपात = $325 + 425 : 875 = 750 : 875 = 6 : 7$

S42. Ans. (e)

Sol.

$$\text{अभीष्ट उत्तर} = \frac{1250}{1600} \times 100 = 78.125\%$$

S43. Ans. (a)

Sol.

F द्वारा बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड = 400 का 125% = 500

F द्वारा बेचे गए वायरलेस कीबोर्ड = 200 का 110% = 220

F द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड कीबोर्ड = 500 - 220 = 280

$$\text{अभीष्ट उत्तर} = \frac{\frac{280}{350+200} \times 100}{2} \times 100 = \frac{280}{275} \times 100 = 101.81\%$$

S44. Ans. (a)

Sol.

$$\text{अभीष्ट अंतर} = 500 + 2000 - 350 = 2150$$

S45. Ans. (b)

Sol.

माना B द्वारा बेचे गए वायर्ड और वायरलेस कीबोर्ड की लागत क्रमशः 5x और 6x है।

ATQ,

$$33250 = 5x \times 425 + 6x \times 200$$

$$33250 = 2125x + 1200x$$

$$3325x = 33250$$

$$10 = x$$

$$\text{अभीष्ट उत्तर} = 6x \times 40 = 2400 \text{ रुपये}$$

S46. Ans. (d)

Sol.

D द्वारा बेचे गए कुल कीबोर्ड = 1250

दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 445

गैर-दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 1250 - 445 = 805

वायरलेस दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 445 का 80% = 356

वायर्ड दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 445 - 356 = 89

वायरलेस गैर-दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 875 - 356 = 519

वायर्ड गैर-दोषपूर्ण कीबोर्ड = 805 - 519 = 286

Sol. (47-52)

2017 में

स्कूल C में कुल एडमिशन = 630 - 360 = 270

स्कूल B में कुल एडमिशन = $270 \times \frac{5}{9} = 150$

उसी प्रकार,

वर्ष	स्कूल A में कुल एडमिशन	स्कूल B में कुल एडमिशन	स्कूल C में कुल एडमिशन
2017	360	150	270
2018	750	420	300
2019	315	250	400
2020	460	220	380

S47. Ans (b)

Sol. 2018 में स्कूल B में लड़कियों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = $420 \times \frac{60}{100} = 252$

2018 में स्कूल B में लड़कों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = 420 - 252 = 168

2018 में स्कूल C में लड़कों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = $300 \times \frac{45}{100} = 135$

2018 में स्कूल C में लड़कियों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = 300 - 135 = 165

अभीष्ट अंतर = (252 + 165) - (168 + 135)

$$= 417 - 303 = 114$$

S48. Ans (c)

Sol. अभीष्ट अनुपात = 150 : 315 = 10 : 21

S49. Ans (c)

$$\text{Sol. अभीष्ट प्रतिशत} = \frac{380-250}{250} \times 100 = 52\%$$

S50. Ans (a)

$$\text{Sol. अभीष्ट अंतर} = (400 + 380) - (360 + 150) = 270$$

S51. Ans (d)

Sol. 2021 में स्कूल A में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = $\frac{125}{100} \times 360 = 450$

2021 में स्कूल C में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = $\frac{90}{100} \times 420 = 378$

2021 में स्कूल B में छात्रों के एडमिशन की कुल संख्या = $385 \times 3 - (450 + 378)$

$$= 1155 - 828 = 327$$

S52. Ans (b)

$$\text{Sol. अभीष्ट औसत} = (300 + 270)/2 = 285$$

S53. Ans (e)

Sol. श्रृंखला का पैटर्न है:

$$380, \quad 380, \quad 387, \quad 413, \quad 476, \quad 600, \quad 815$$

$$1^3 - 1 \quad 2^3 - 1 \quad 3^3 - 1 \quad 4^3 - 1 \quad 5^3 - 1 \quad 6^3 - 1$$

S54. Ans (d)

Sol. श्रृंखला का पैटर्न है:

$$32.5, \quad 33.7, \quad 36.1, \quad 39.7, \quad 44.5, \quad 50.5, \quad 57.7$$

$$1.2 \quad 2.4 \quad 3.6 \quad 4.8 \quad 6 \quad 7.2$$

S55. Ans (a)

Sol. श्रृंखला का पैटर्न है:

$$215, \quad 221, \quad 230, \quad 244, \quad 265, \quad 295, \quad 336$$

$$6 \quad 9 \quad 14 \quad 21 \quad 30 \quad 41$$

$$3 \quad 5 \quad 7 \quad 9 \quad 11$$

S56. Ans (e)

Sol. श्रृंखला का पैटर्न है:

$$54, \quad 53, \quad 105, \quad 314, \quad 1255, \quad 6274, \quad 37643$$

$$\times 1 - 1 \quad \times 2 - 1 \quad \times 3 - 1 \quad \times 4 - 1 \quad \times 5 - 1 \quad \times 6 - 1$$

S57. Ans (a)

Sol. शांत जल में नाव A की गति = $12 \times \frac{5}{4} = 15$ किमी/घंटा
धारा की गति = $21 - 15 = 6$ किमी/घंटा
अभीष्ट समय = $81 / (12 - 6) = 13.5$ घंटे

Sol (58- 61)

माना A और B द्वारा बेची गई कुल वस्तुएँ क्रमशः $5x$ और $3x$ हैं।

ATQ,

$$(5x - 3x) \times 60 = 1200$$

$$10 = x$$

A और B द्वारा बेची गई कुल वस्तुएँ क्रमशः 50 और 30 हैं।

वस्तु	A	B
मोबाइल	$5x$	$30 - x$
लैपटॉप	$50 - 5x$	x
कुल	50	30

$$30 - x = (50 - 5x) \text{ का } 120\%$$

$$30x = 60 - 6x$$

$$6x - x = 60 - 30$$

$$5x = 30$$

$$x = 6$$

वस्तु	A	B
मोबाइल	30	24
लैपटॉप	20	6
कुल	50	30

S58. Ans. (b)

$$\text{Sol. अभीष्ट उत्तर} = 30 + 24 - 20 = 34$$

S59. Ans. (d)

Sol.

$$C \text{ द्वारा बेची गई वस्तुएँ} = \frac{4}{3} \times 30 = 40$$

$$C \text{ द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप} = 50 \text{ का } 70\% = 35$$

$$C \text{ द्वारा बेचे गए मोबाइल} = 5$$

S60. Ans. (a)

Sol.

$$\text{अभीष्ट उत्तर} = 30 + 6 : 20 + 24 = 9 : 11$$

S61. Ans. (e)

Sol.

$$\text{एक मोबाइल का क्रय मूल्य} = 1200/30 = 40$$

$$\text{विक्रय मूल्य} = 40 + 60 (\text{लाभ}) = 100 = p$$

$$B \text{ द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का विक्रय मूल्य} = 2p = 200$$

$$B \text{ द्वारा बेचे गए लैपटॉप का क्रय मूल्य} = 200 - 60 = 140 \text{ रुपये}$$

S62. Ans (a)

Sol.

माना बेलन की त्रिज्या R सेमी है

$$2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times R \times 19 = 836$$

$$R = 7$$

$$\text{वर्ग की भुजा} = 7 + 3 = 10 \text{ सेमी}$$

$$\text{अभीष्ट क्षेत्रफल} = 10 \times 10 = 100 \text{ वर्ग सेमी}$$

S63. Ans (b)

$$\text{Sol. दूध की मात्रा} = 360 \times \frac{5}{8} = 225 \text{ लीटर}$$

$$\text{पानी की मात्रा} = 360 - 225 = 135 \text{ लीटर}$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{225 + X}{135 + 35} = \frac{30}{17}$$

$$\frac{225 + X}{170} = \frac{30}{17}$$

$$225 + X = 300$$

$$X = 75$$

S64. Ans (e)

$$\text{Sol. कुल काम} (15 \text{ और } 24 \text{ का ल.स.प.}) = 120 \text{ इकाई}$$

$$A \text{ की दक्षता} = 120/15 = 8 \text{ इकाई/दिन}$$

$$B \text{ की दक्षता} = 120/24 = 5 \text{ इकाई/दिन}$$

$$A \text{ और } B \text{ द्वारा 4 दिनों में एक साथ की गई इकाइयों की संख्या} = (8 + 5) \times 4 = 52 \text{ इकाई}$$

$$\text{शेष कार्य} = 120 - 52 = 68 \text{ इकाई}$$

$$C \text{ की दक्षता} = 68/17 = 4 \text{ इकाई/दिन}$$

$$\text{अभीष्ट दिन} = \frac{120 \times \frac{1}{2}}{4} = 15 \text{ दिन}$$

S65. Ans (e)

$$\text{Sol. A से B का लाभ-साझाकरण अनुपात} = 2400 \times 9 + 3000 \times 3 :$$

$$X \times 9 + (X - 600) \times 3$$

$$= 10200 : 4X - 600$$

ATQ,

$$\frac{10200}{4X - 600} = \frac{17}{23}$$

$$13800 = 4X - 600$$

$$14400 = 4X$$

$$3600 = X$$

S66. Ans (a)

$$\text{Sol. ट्रेन A की गति} = \frac{600+300}{18} = 50 \text{ मीटर/सेकंड}$$

$$\text{ट्रेन B की गति} = 50 \times \frac{1}{2} = 25 \text{ मीटर/सेकंड}$$

$$\text{ट्रेन B की लंबाई} = 600 \times \frac{75}{100} = 450 \text{ मीटर}$$

$$\text{अभीष्ट समय} = \frac{450+300}{25} = 30 \text{ सेकंड}$$

S67. Ans (a)

$$\text{Sol. विक्रय मूल्य} = 500 \times \frac{104}{100} = 520 \text{ रुपये}$$

$$\text{अंकित मूल्य} = \frac{520}{80} \times 100 = 650 \text{ रुपये}$$

$$\text{मार्कअप\%} = \frac{650-500}{500} \times 100 = 30\%$$

$$X = 30$$

S68. Ans (e)

Sol. ATQ,

$$P \times \frac{6}{100} \times 5 = 1500$$

$$P = 5000$$

$$\text{संचयी चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज} = (10 + 10 + \frac{10 \times 10}{100}) = 21\%$$

$$\text{अभीष्ट राशि} = 3 \times 5000 \times \frac{121}{100} = 18150 \text{ रुपये}$$

S69. Ans (a)

Sol. Y की वर्तमान आयु = $2x$

X की वर्तमान आयु = $2x \times \frac{150}{100} = 3x$

Z की वर्तमान आयु = $(2x + 3x)/2 = 2.5x$

$2.5x + 5 - (2x - 3) = 10$

$2.5x + 5 - 2x + 3 = 10$

$0.5x = 2$

$x = 4$

अभीष्ट आयु = $3x + 6 = 3(4) + 6 = 18$ वर्ष

S70. Ans (b)

Sol. माना A की मासिक आय $100x$ रुपये है

किराए पर खर्च की गई राशि = $100x \times \frac{1}{2} = 50x$ रुपये

भोजन पर खर्च की गई राशि = $(100x - 50x) \times \frac{20}{100} = 10x$ रुपये

यात्रा पर खर्च की गई राशि = $(100x - 50x - 10x) \times \frac{10}{100} = 4x$ रुपये

दिया गया,

$100x - 50x - 10x - 4x = 10800$

$x = 300$

A की मासिक आय = $100x = 30000$ रुपये

B की मासिक आय = $30000 \times \frac{75}{100} = 22500$

अभीष्ट राशि = $22500 \times \frac{60}{100} = 13500$ रुपये

Directions (71-75):

Sol.

दिन	व्यक्ति	फल
सोमवार	C	केला
मंगलवार	G	पपीता
बुधवार	F	कीवी
गुरुवार	B	आम
शुक्रवार	D	सेब
शनिवार	A	अंगूर
रविवार	E	संतरा

S71. Ans. (d)

S72. Ans. (b)

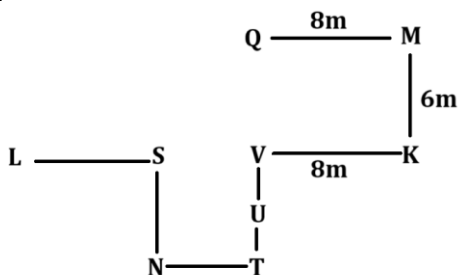
S73. Ans. (d)

S74. Ans. (a)

S75. Ans. (c)

Directions (76-78):

Sol.



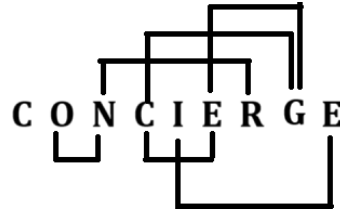
S76. Ans. (b)

S77. Ans. (d)

S78. Ans. (c)

S79. Ans. (e)

Sol. छह युग्म बनते हैं



Directions (80-84):

Sol.

विभाग	व्यक्ति
वित्त	D
	I
	B
	E
विपणन	F
	C
	G
परिचालन	A
	J
	H

S80. Ans. (e)

Sol. C, G से संबंधित है, यहाँ तर्क यह है - दोनों व्यक्ति समान विभाग में काम करते हैं।

S81. Ans. (c)

S82. Ans. (e)

S83. Ans. (b)

S84. Ans. (c)

S85. Ans. (b)

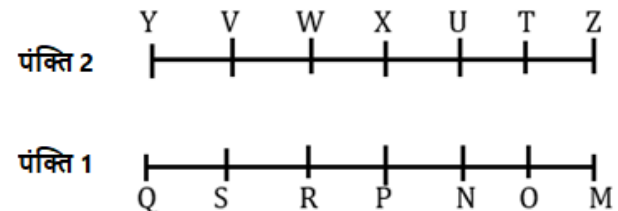
Sol. $5492473589 = 4583562498$

3629

$2+3 = 5$

Directions (86-90):

Sol.



S86. Ans (a)

S87. Ans (c)

S88. Ans (b)

S89. Ans (d)

S90. Ans (e)

Directions (91-95):**Sol.**

महीने	9	26
जनवरी	J	E
फरवरी	H	C
मार्च	F	A
अप्रैल	D	B
मई	I	G

S91. Ans (e)**S92. Ans (d)****S93. Ans (b)****S94. Ans (a)****S95. Ans (b)****Directions (96-100):****Sol.**

बॉक्स	सामान
Q	स्केल
U	हाइलाइटर
S	मार्कर
V	पेन
T	इरेज़र
P	रंग
R	पेंसिल

S96. Ans (c)**S97. Ans (a)****S98. Ans (d)****S99. Ans (a)****S100. Ans (d)**