Quiz Date: 11 $^{\text {th }}$ May 2020
Q1. Average age of a group increased by 2 years if Ram who is 28 years old join the group. Shyam, whose age is half the age of Ram, when joins the group, overall average age decreased by 1 years. ' N ' is the initial number of people in group.
Quantity I: Value of ' $N$ '.
Quantity II: '3'
(a) Quantity I $\geq$ Quantity II
(b) Quantity I = Quantity II
(c) Quantity I > Quantity II
(d) Quantity I < Quantity II
(e) Quantity I $\leq$ Quantity II

Q2. When two ships A \& B are travelling in opposite direction crosses each other in 2 second. Ship B is $50 \%$ faster than ship A in still water. On a particular day, ship A was ahead of ship B by 9 meters and both of them were travelling in downstream. if Ship B overtook Ship A in 11 seconds. ' $\mathbf{X}$ ' is the speed of ship A and if length of ship B is 54 meters.
Quantity I: $16 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Quantity II: Value of ' $X$ ' in $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
(a) Quantity I = Quantity II
(b) Quantity I $\geq$ Quantity II
(c) Quantity I $\leq$ Quantity II
(d) Quantity I > Quantity II
(e) Quantity I < Quantity II

Q3. Quantity I= $\mathbf{x}$

( 0 is the center of the circle)

(a) Quantity I $\geq$ Quantity II
(b) Quantity I > Quantity II
(c)Quantity I $\leq$ Quantity II
(d) Quantity I = Quantity II
(e) Quantity I < Quantity II

Q4. There are ' A ' numbers of cubes each having side 2 cm is melted and re-casted into a cylinder of radius 7 cm and height 8 cm .
Quantity I: Value of 'A+77'.
Quantity II: Value of '1.5A'
(a) Quantity I $\geq$ Quantity II
(b) Quantity I = Quantity II
(c) Quantity I $\leq$ Quantity II
(d) Quantity I < Quantity II
(e) Quantity I > Quantity II

Q5. 'B' kg of Rs. 36 per/kg rice that mixed with 8 kg of Rs. $42 \mathrm{per} / \mathrm{kg}$ rice, in order to earn profit of $10 \%$ while selling the mixture at Rs. $44 \mathrm{per} / \mathrm{kg}$.
Quantity I: Value of 'B+20'.
Quantity II: Value of '6B'
(a) Quantity I < Quantity II
(b) Quantity I $\leq$ Quantity II
(c) Quantity I > Quantity II
(d) Quantity I $\geq$ Quantity II
(e) Quantity I = Quantity II


Directions (6-10): Solve the given quadratic equations and mark the correct option based on your answer-
(a) $x>y$
(b) $x \geq y$
(c) $x<y$
(d) $x \leq y$
(e) $x=y$ or no relation can be established between $x$ and $y$.

Q6. I. $\frac{5}{x}-\frac{12}{x^{2}}=\frac{1}{2}$
II. $2+\frac{20}{y^{2}}=\frac{13}{y}$

Q7. I. $(2 x-5)^{2}=9$
II. $(3 y+4)^{2}=25$

Q8. I. $3^{2 x+4}=9^{3 x+4} \cdot 27^{(x+1)}$
II. $\frac{y^{2}+18}{y}=9$

Q9. I. $3 \mathrm{x}^{2}=125-2 \mathrm{x}^{2}$
II. $y^{2}+12 y+32=0$

Q10. $\quad$ I. $3 x+7 y=30$
II. $4 x+6 y=30$

Directions (11-15):-Find the wrong number in the given number series questions.
Q11.900, 648, 516, 452, 420, 404, 396
(a) 396
(b) 900
(c) 404
(d) 648
(e) 452

Q12. 8, $4, \quad 4, \quad 8, \quad 32, \quad 136, \quad 812$
(a) 8
(b) 136
(c) 32
(d) 812
(e) 4

Q13. 3, 11, 49, 191, 569
(a) 1135
(b) 1134
(c) 3
(d) 49
(e) 11

Q14.23, $30, \quad 42, \quad 63, \quad 95, \quad 140,200$
(a) 42
(b) 140
(c) 30
(d) 200
(e) 23

Q15. 8, $30, \quad 60,120,180,180,90$
(a) 30
(b) 120
(c) 90
(d) 8
(e) 60

## Solutions

S1. Ans.(c)
Sol.
' N ' people in the group, with average of x .
ATQ,
$\frac{\mathrm{Nx}+28}{\mathrm{~N}+1}=\mathrm{x}+2$
$\frac{N x+28+14}{N+2}=x+1$
$=\frac{\mathrm{Nx}+42}{\mathrm{~N}+2}=\mathrm{x}+1$...
After solving, we get $\mathrm{N}=4$
Quantity I = 4
Quantity II = 3
Quantity I > Quantity II

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S2. Ans.(e)
Sol.
Let speed of ship A in still water is $2 \mathrm{x} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$, and its length is $\ell \mathrm{m}$
And speed of ship B is $3 \mathrm{x} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ and its length is 54 and speed of water is $\mathrm{Y} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$.
ATQ, when both of them are travelling in opposite direction.
Downstream speed of ship $A=(2 x+Y) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ [assume ship $A$ is travelling in downstream and ship B in upstream]
Upstream speed of ship $B=(3 x-Y) m / s$
Their relative speed $=2 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{Y}+3 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{Y}=5 \mathrm{x} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
ATQ,
$\frac{54+\ell}{5 \mathrm{x}}=2$
Similarly when both are travelling in downstream their relative speed is
$=3 \mathrm{x}+\mathrm{Y}-2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{X} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
ATQ,
$\frac{54+9+\ell}{x}=11$
$63+\ell=11 \mathrm{x} . .$. (ii)
From (i)
$\ell=10 x-54$
put this value in eqn. (ii)

```
\(=63+10 \mathrm{x}-54=11 \mathrm{x}\)
\(\mathrm{x}=9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}\)
```

Hence speed of ship A in still water $=2 \times 9=18 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Quantity I = $16 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
Quantity II = $\mathbf{1 8} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
Quantity II > Quantity I

S3. Ans.(b)
Sol. $x=180-(90+30)$
$=90-30$
$=60^{\circ}$
$y=180-(60+40)$ (angles subtended by same arc in the same segment are equal)
$=80^{\circ}$
$\therefore$ Quantity I < Quantity II
S4. Ans.(b)
Sol.
Volume of cubes = volume of cylinder
ATQ
$\mathrm{A} \times(2)^{3}=\pi \times 7^{2} \times 8$
A $=\frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7$
$\mathrm{A}=154$

Quantity I = 154 + 77 =231
Quantity I = $1.5 \times 154=231$
Quantity I = Quantity II
S5. Ans.(e)
Sol.
Selling mixture at Rs. $44 / \mathrm{kg}$ with $10 \%$ profit means, the actual price of mixture is Rs. $40 / \mathrm{kg}$ Let B kg of Rs. $36 / \mathrm{kg}$ are mixed
Then
$\frac{36 B+8 \times 42}{B+8}=40$
$36 B+336=40 B+320$
$4 B=16$
B $=4$
Quantity I = B + $20=24$
Quantity I $=6 \times B=24$
Quantity I = Quantity II
S6. Ans.(b)
Sol.
I. $\quad \frac{5}{\mathrm{x}}-\frac{12}{\mathrm{x}^{2}}=\frac{1}{2}$ Multiply by $2 \mathrm{x}^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad 10 x-24=x^{2} \\
& \Rightarrow x^{2}-10 x+24=0 \\
& \Rightarrow x^{2}-6 x-4 x+24=0 \\
& \Rightarrow x(x-6)-4(x-6)=0 \\
& \Rightarrow(x-4)(x-6)=0 \\
& \Rightarrow x=4,6 \\
& \text { II. } \quad 2+\frac{20}{y^{2}}=\frac{13}{y} \\
& \quad \text { Multiply by } y^{2} \\
& \quad 2 y^{2}+20=13 y \\
& \Rightarrow 2 y^{2}-13 y+20=0 \\
& \Rightarrow 2 y^{2}-8 y-5 y+20=0 \\
& \Rightarrow \\
& \Rightarrow \\
& \Rightarrow(2 y-5)(y-5(y-4)-4)=0 \\
& \Rightarrow y=\frac{5}{2}, 4 \\
& x \geq y
\end{aligned}
$$

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S7. Ans.(a)
Sol.

I.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (2 x-5)^{2}=9 \\
& (2 x-5)= \pm 3 \\
& 2 x-5=3 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
x=4 \\
x=1,4
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

II. $\quad(3 y+4)^{2}=25$

$$
(3 y+4)= \pm 5
$$

$$
3 y+4=5 \mid 3 y+4=-5
$$

$$
y=\frac{1}{3} \quad y=-3
$$

$$
y=\frac{1}{3},-3
$$

$x>y$
S8. Ans.(c)
Sol.
I. $\quad 3^{2 \mathrm{x}+4}=9^{3 \mathrm{x}+4} \cdot 27^{(\mathrm{x}+1)}$ $3^{2 x+4}=3^{6 x+8} \cdot 3^{3 x+3}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow 2 x+4=6 x+8+3 x+3 \\
& \Rightarrow 7 x=-7 \\
& \Rightarrow x=-1
\end{aligned}
$$

II. $\quad \frac{y^{2}+18}{y}=9$

$$
\Rightarrow y^{2}-9 y+18=0
$$

$$
\Rightarrow y^{2}-3 y-6 y+18=0
$$

$$
\Rightarrow y(y-3)-6(y-3)=0
$$

$$
\Rightarrow(y-6)(y-3)=0
$$

$$
y=6,3
$$

$y>x$
S9. Ans.(e)
Sol.
I. $\quad 3 \mathrm{x}^{2}=125-2 \mathrm{x}^{2}$

$$
5 x^{2}=125
$$

$$
x^{2}=25
$$

$$
x= \pm 5
$$

II. $y^{2}+12 y+32=0$

$$
y^{2}+8 y+4 y+32=0
$$

$$
y(y+8)+4(y+8)=0
$$

$$
(y+4)(y+8)=0
$$

$y=-4,-8$
No relation can be established between x \& y
S10. Ans.(e)
Sol.
I. $3 x+7 y=30$
II. $\quad 4 x+6 y=30$

$\Rightarrow 3 x+7 y=4 x+6 y$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}$

## S11. Ans.(d)

Sol.


## S12. Ans.(c)

Sol.


S13. Ans.(b)
Sol.


S14. Ans.(e)
Sol.


S15. Ans.(a)
Sol.


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