Quiz Date: 24 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ July 2020
Directions (1-5): The following line graph shows the no. of persons who cleared the defense exams for three different posts from five different states of India. The table shows percentage of female in them. Study both the graphs carefully to answer the questions that


| Posts | Percentage of Females |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | AP | Rajasthan | Maharashtra | J \& K | Haryana |
| RPF | 10 | 25 | 20 | 15 | 30 |
| CRPF | 25 | 36 | 30 | 20 | 18 |
| CISF | 16 | 32 | 28 | 20 | 24 |

Q1. Find the total no. of males who cleared the exam for the post of RPF from all the five states together. (in thousands)
(a) 14.85
(b) 114.85
(c) 115.45
(d) 112.85
(e) 116.85

Q2. The total no. of females for CRPF post from Rajasthan is what percent more than the no. of females for the same post from Haryana?
(a) $160 \frac{2}{3} \%$
(b) $50 \%$
(c) $233 \frac{1}{3} \%$
(d) $550 \%$
(e) $350 \%$

Q3. What is the difference between total no. of males from Maharashtra and total no. of males from Haryana who have cleared the exam for all the three posts.
(a)10180
(b) 8600
(c) 8040
(d) 8160
(e) 8406


Q4. Total no. of females from Rajasthan and AP together for the post of CRPF is approximately what percent of total no. of females from Maharashtra and J\&K for the same post who cleared the exam?
(a) $195 \%$
(b) $145 \%$
(c) $270 \%$
(d) $330 \%$
(e) $167 \%$


Q5. What is the difference between total no. of persons from all the five states together for the post CRPF and total no. of persons for the post CISF from all the five states together?
(a) 4000
(b) 3000
(c) 5000
(d) 7000
(e) 1000

Directions (6-10): What value should come in place of (?) in the following questions?
Q6. $\quad ?^{2}=55 \%$ of $440-80 \%$ of $345+2 \times 7^{2}$
(a) 6
(b) 2
(c) 4
(d) 16
(e) 8

Q7. $\frac{209}{399} \times 21^{2}-(11)^{2}=$ ?
(a) 110
(b) 320
(c) 100
(d) 120
(e) 80

Q8. $86 \times 5+26 \times 11-22 \times 13=$ ?
(a) 1002
(b) 716
(c) 430
(d) 144
(e) 380

Q9. $3 \frac{2}{5}+4 \frac{5}{6}+5 \frac{2}{3}=?+7 \frac{3}{4}$
(a) $5 \frac{3}{20}$
(b) $6 \frac{3}{20}$
(c) $8 \frac{11}{20}$
(d) $6 \frac{5}{6}$
(e) $4 \frac{3}{10}$

Q10.980\% of $30+780 \%$ of $50-640 \%$ of $40=$ ?
(a) 480
(b) 482
(c) 432
(d) 428
(e) 424

Directions (11-15): Study the table and answer the given questions.
Data related to candidates appeared and qualified from UP in PSB (Public Sector Banks) exam during 5 years.

| Years | No. of <br> appeared <br> candidates | \% of appeared <br> candidates <br> who qualified | Respectiveratio <br> of number of <br>  <br> female candidates |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2012 | 70000 | -- | $3: 2$ |
| 2013 | -- | -- | $5: 3$ |
| 2014 | 48000 | $60 \%$ | -- |
| 2015 | -- | $42 \%$ | $9: 5$ |
| 2016 | 90000 | $64 \%$ | -- |

Q11. In 2016, if the number of female qualified candidates was 17600 , what was the respective ratio of number of male qualified candidates and number of female qualified candidates?
(a) $25: 16$
(b) $5: 4$
(c) $25: 11$
(d) $21: 16$
(e) $4: 5$

Q12.If the number of appeared candidates in 2017 were $40 \%$ more than that in 2012 and If $25 \%$ of the appeared candidates qualified in 2017 then what was the number of qualified candidates in 2017?
(a) 24000
(b) 22500
(c) 25500
(d) 24500
(e) 26500


Q13. In 2013, the respective ratio of number of appeared candidates to the qualified candidates was 5:4. Number of female qualified candidates constitutes what per cent of number of appeared candidates in the same year?
(a) 20
(b) 25
(c) 30
(d) 15
(e) 40

Q14. In 2015, if the difference between number of male qualified candidates and female qualified candidates was 7200, what was the number of appeared candidates in 2015?
(a) 80000
(b) 90000
(c) 85000
(d) 60000
(e) None of these

Q15. If the average number of qualified candidates in 2012 and 2014 was 24900 , what percent of appeared candidates qualified in the competitive exam in 2012?
(a) $40 \%$
(b) $30 \%$
(c) $20 \%$
(d) $35 \%$
(e) $25 \%$

## Solutions

## S1. Ans.(b)

## Sol.

Required total no. of males
$=\frac{90}{100} \times 20+\frac{75}{100} \times 45+\frac{80}{100} \times 36+\frac{85}{100} \times 28+\frac{70}{100} \times 15$
$=114.85$ thousand

## S2. Ans.(c)

Sol.
Required percentage $=\frac{30 \times 36-18 \times 18}{18 \times 18} \times 100$
$=233 \frac{1}{3} \%$

## S3. Ans.(a)

Sol.
no. of males from Maharashtra
$=\left(\frac{80}{100} \times 36+\frac{70}{100} \times 4+\frac{72}{100} \times 18\right)$
$=44.56$ thousand
no. of males from Haryana
$=\left(\frac{70}{100} \times 15+\frac{82}{100} \times 18+\frac{76}{100} \times 12\right)$
$=34.38$ thousand
$\therefore$ Required difference $=44.56-34.38=10.18$ thousands

## S4. Ans.(d)

Sol.
Total no. of females from Rajasthan and AP together for the post of CRPF
$\frac{36}{100} \times 30+\frac{25}{100} \times 15$
$=14.55$ thousand
Total no. of females from Maharashtra and J \& K together for the post of CRPF
$=\frac{30}{100} \times 4+\frac{20}{100} \times 16$
$=4.4$ thousand
$\therefore$ Required percentage $=\frac{14.55}{4.4} \times 100$
$\simeq 330 \%$

## S5. Ans.(b)

Sol.
Required difference
$=(15+30+4+16+18)-(10+20+18+20+12)$
$=3$ thousand
S6. Ans.(e)
Sol.
$?^{2}=\frac{55}{100} \times 440-\frac{80}{100} \times 345+2 \times 7^{2}$
$?^{2}=242-276+98=64$
$\Rightarrow$ ? $=8$
S7. Ans.(a)
Sol.
? $=\frac{209}{399} \times 21^{2}-(11)^{2}$
$?=\frac{19 \times 11}{19 \times 21} \times 21^{2}-11^{2}$
? $=231-121=110$
S8. Ans.(c)
Sol.
? $=86 \times 5+26 \times 11-22 \times 13$
$?=430+286-286$
? $=430$

-
S9. Ans. (b)
Sol.
$?=(3+4+5-7)+\left(\frac{2}{5}+\frac{5}{6}+\frac{2}{3}-\frac{3}{4}\right)$
$=5+\frac{23}{20}$
$=6 \frac{3}{20}$
S10. Ans.(d)
Sol.
$?=9.8 \times 30+7.8 \times 50-6.4 \times 40$
$=428$
S11. Ans.(c)
Sol.
No. of qualified candidates in 2016
$=\frac{64}{100} \times 90000=57600$
$\therefore$ no. of males $=57600-17600=40000$
$\therefore$ Required Ratio $=40000: 17600=25: 11$
S12. Ans.(d)
Sol.
No. of appeared candidates in 2017
$=\frac{140}{100} \times 70000=98000$
Required no. of candidates $=\frac{25}{100} \times 98000=24500$
S13. Ans.(c)
Sol.
Let appeared candidates in 2013 = 50000
$\therefore$ then qualified candidates in $2013=40000$
$\therefore$ No. of female candidates qualified in $2013=\frac{3}{8} \times 40000=15000$
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\frac{15000}{50000} \times 100=30 \%$

Live Class, Video Course Test Series, e-Books

## Bilingual

S14. Ans.(d)
Sol.
Let no. of males qualified in $2015=9 x$
$\therefore$ No. of females qualified in $2015=5 x$
$\therefore 9 x-5 x=7200$
$x=1800$
$\therefore$ No. of candidates qualifed in $2015=14 x=14 \times 1800=25200$
Let no of appeared students=a
ATQ
$a \times \frac{42}{100}=25200$
$\therefore \mathrm{a}=\frac{25200}{42} \times 100=60000$

## S15. Ans.(b)

Sol. let candidate who qualified in $2012=x$
Candidate who qualified in $2014=48000 \times 0.6=28800$
$\mathrm{X}=24900 \times 2-28800=21000$

Required percent $=\frac{21000}{7}=30 \%$

For any Banking/Insurance exam Assistance, Give a Missed call @ 01141183264

