

Quiz Date: 19th September 2020

Directions (1-5): In the following questions, two equations in x and y are given. Solve these equations and give answer

I. $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$

Q1. II. $4y^2 = 36$

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x < y$
- (c) if $x \geq y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or relation cannot be established between x and y

I. $2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$

Q2. II. $y^2 + 3x + 2 = 0$

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x < y$
- (c) if $x \geq y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or relation cannot be established between x and y

I. $2x + 3y = 5$

Q3. II. $3x + 2y = 10$

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x < y$
- (c) if $x \geq y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or relation cannot be established between x and y

I. $x^2 + 19x + 84 = 0$

Q4. II. $y^2 + 14y + 49 = 0$

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x < y$
- (c) if $x \geq y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$
- (e) $x = y$ or relation cannot be established between x and y

I. $3x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$

Q5. II. $2y^2 + 3y + 1 = 0$

- (a) if $x > y$
- (b) if $x < y$
- (c) if $x \geq y$
- (d) if $x \leq y$

(e) $x = y$ or relation cannot be established between x and y

Directions (6 - 15) : In each of these questions two equations numbered I & II are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer.

(a) If $x < y$

(b) If $x > y$

(c) If relationship between a and b cannot be established

(d) If $x \geq y$

(e) If $x \leq y$

Q6. I. $x^2 + 3x = 28$

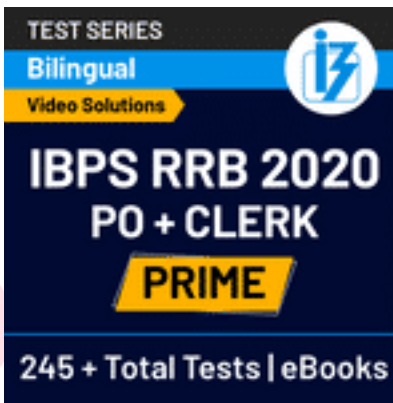
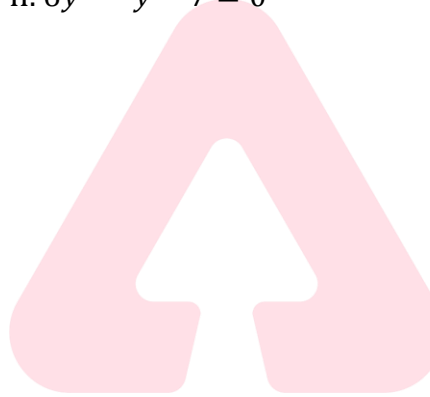
II. $y^2 + 16y + 63 = 0$

Q7. I. $x = \sqrt[3]{2744}$

II. $y^2 = 441$

Q8. I. $8x^2 - 49x + 45 = 0$

II. $6y^2 - y - 7 = 0$



Q9. I. $42x - 17y = -67$

II. $7x + 12y = -26$

Q10. I. $x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$

II. $2y^2 - 21y + 55 = 0$

Q11. I. $x^2 + 9x - 22 = 0$

II. $2y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$

Q12. I. $2y^2 - 13y - 34 = 0$

II. $3x^2 - 11x - 20 = 0$

Q13. I. $x^4 = 256$

II. $y^2 - 16y + 64 = 0$

Q14. I. $(x - 4)^2 = 9$

II. $(2y + 3)^2 = 25$

Q15. I. $2x + 3y = 4$
 II. $4x + 5y = 6$

Solutions

S1. Ans.(d)

Sol.

$$\text{I. } x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -3, -4$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \pm 3$$

$$y \geq x$$

S2. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\text{I. } 2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 + 2x + 3x + 3 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 1)(2x + 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1, -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{II. } y^2 + 3y + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y + 1)(y + 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -1, -2$$

No relation

S3. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$(2x + 3y = 5) \times 2$$

$$(3x + 2y = 10) \times 3$$

On subtracting, we get

$$-5x = -20$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4$$

$$\therefore y = \frac{5-8}{3}$$

$$= -1$$

$$x > y$$

S4. Ans.(d)

Sol.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } x^2 + 19x + 84 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (x + 7)(x + 12) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= -7, -12 \\ \text{II. } y^2 + 14y + 49 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (y + 7)^2 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow y &= -7 \\ y &\geq x \end{aligned}$$

S5. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } 3x^2 + 4x + 1 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 3x^2 + 3x + x + 1 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (x + 1)(3x + 1) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow x &= -1, -\frac{1}{3} \\ \text{II. } 2y^2 + 3y + 1 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow 2y^2 + 2y + y + 1 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (y + 1)(2y + 1) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow y &= -1, -\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

No relation



S6. Ans. (d)

Sol.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{I. } x^2 + 3x - 28 &= 0 \\ x^2 + 7x - 4x - 28 &= 0 \\ x(x + 7) - 4(x + 7) &= 0 \\ (x + 7)(x - 4) &= 0 \\ x &= -7, 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{II. } y^2 + 16y + 63 &= 0 \\ y^2 + 7y + 9y + 63 &= 0 \\ y(y + 7) + 9(y + 7) &= 0 \\ (y + 7)(y + 9) &= 0 \\ y &= -7, -9 \end{aligned}$$

So, $x \geq y$

S7. Ans. (c)

Sol.

$$I. x = \sqrt[3]{2744}$$

$$x = 14$$

$$II. y^2 = 441$$

$$y = \pm 21$$

So, no relation

S8. Ans. (c)

Sol.

$$I. 8x^2 - 49x + 45 = 0$$

$$8x^2 - 40x - 9x + 45 = 0$$

$$8x(x - 5) - 9(x - 5) = 0$$

$$(x - 5)(8x - 9) = 0$$

$$x = 5, \frac{9}{8}$$

$$II. 6y^2 - y - 7 = 0$$

$$6y^2 - 7y - 7 = 0$$

$$6y(y + 1) - 7(y + 1) = 0$$

$$(6y - 7)(y + 1) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{7}{6}, -1$$

So, no relation

S9. Ans. (a)

Sol.

Multiply II by 6 and equate with I

$$42x - 17y + 67 = 42x + 72y + 156$$

$$89y = -89$$

$$y = -1$$

And $x = -2$

So, $y > x$.

S10. Ans. (e)

Sol.

$$I. x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 5x - 3x + 15 = 0$$

$$x(x - 5) - 3(x - 5) = 0$$

$$(x - 5)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$x = 3, 5$$

$$II. 2y^2 - 21y + 55 = 0$$

BANKERS

adda247

$$2y^2 - 10y - 11y + 55 = 0$$

$$2y(y - 5) - 11(y - 5) = 0$$

$$(y - 5)(2y - 11) = 0$$

$$y = 5, \frac{11}{2}$$

So, $y \geq x$

S11. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$I. x^2 + 9x - 22 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + 11x - 2x - 22 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x + 11)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -11, 2$$

$$II. 2y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 4y - 3y + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y(y - 2) - 3(y - 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 2)(2y - 3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2, \frac{3}{2}$$

No relation

S12. Ans.(c)

Sol.

$$I. 2y^2 - 13y - 34 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 17y + 4y - 34 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y(2y - 17) + 2(2y - 17) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (2y - 17)(y + 2) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{17}{2}, -2$$

$$II. 3x^2 - 11x - 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x^2 - 15x + 4x - 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x(x - 5) + 4(x - 5) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 5)(3x + 4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5, \frac{-4}{3}$$

No relation

S13. Ans.(a)

Sol.

$$I. x^4 = 256$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \pm 4$$

$$II. y^2 - 16y + 64 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 8)^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 8$$

$y > x$

S14. Ans.(d)

Sol.



I. $(x - 4)^2 = 9$

$$\Rightarrow x - 4 = \pm 3$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 7, 1$$

II. $(2y + 3)^2 = 25$

$$\Rightarrow 2y + 3 = \pm 5$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 1, -4$$

$$\Rightarrow x \geq y$$

S15. Ans.(a)

Sol.

I. $2x + 3y = 4$

II. $4x + 5y = 6$

Solving eq. (I) and (II),

$$(2x + 3y = 4) \times 2$$

$$4x + 5y = 6$$

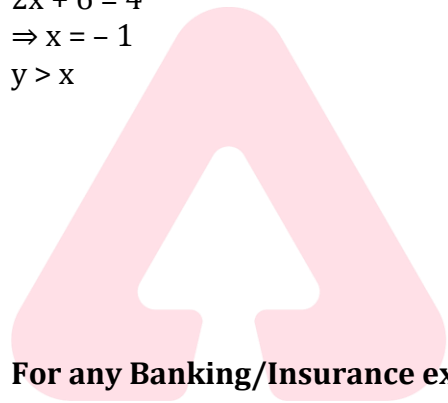
$$y = 2$$

Put $y = 2$ in eq. (I),

$$2x + 6 = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$y > x$$



For any Banking/Insurance exam Assistance, Give a Missed call @ 01141183264