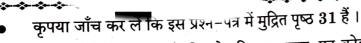
### Series Z1XYW/1

 $SET \sim 2$ 

अरन-पत्र काड 31/1/2 Q.P. Code

परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें ।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.



- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 39 प्रश्न हैं।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पंढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वीद्व में 10.15बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
- Please check that this question paper contains 31 printed pages.
- Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 39 questions.
- Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-

15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

# विज्ञान

# SCIENCE

अधिकतम अंक : 80

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे Maximum Marks: 80

Time allowed: 3 hours



### General Instructions:

# Read the following instructions carefully and strictly follow them:

- (i) This question paper consists of 39 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Question paper is divided into FIVE sections viz. Section A, B, C, D and E.
- (iii) In Section A question number 1 to 20 are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each.
- (iv) In Section B question number 21 to 26 are Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions carrying 2 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- (v) In Section C question number 27 to 33 are Short Answer (SA) type questions carrying 3 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- (vi) In Section **D** question number 34 to 36 are Long Answer (LA) type questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- (vii) In Section E question number 37 to 39 are of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment carrying 4 marks each with sub-parts.
- (viii) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in some Sections.

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Select and write one most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1-20:

Consider the structures of the three cyclic carbon compounds A, B and C given below and select the correct option from the following:

 $(A) \ \ H \ \ C \ \ C \ \ H \ \ (B) \ \ H \ \ C \ \ C \ \ H$ 

$$(C)$$
  $H$   $C$   $C$   $H$   $C$   $C$   $H$   $C$   $C$   $H$ 

- (a) A and C are isomers of hexane and B is benzene.
- (b) A is an isomer of hexane, B is benzene and C is an isomer of hexene.
- (c) A is a saturated cyclic hydrocarbon and B and C are unsaturated cyclic hydrocarbons.
- (d) A is cyclohexane and B and C are the isomers of benzene.

**→** 5 **→** 



Select washing soda from the following:

(a) NaHCO<sub>3</sub>

 $\mathrm{Na_2CO_3.5H_2O}$ 

Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.10H<sub>2</sub>O

(d) NaOH

Copper is used for making cooking utensils. Which of the following physical properties of copper is <u>NOT</u> responsible for the same?

Malleability (a)

- High melting point (b)
- Thermal conductivity (c)
- High reactivity (d)

The table below has information regarding pH and the nature (acidic/basic) of four different solutions. Which one of the options in the

Option	Solution	Colour of pH paper	Approximate pH value	Nature of solution
(a)	Lemon juice	Orange	3	Basic
(b)	Milk of magnesia	Blue	. 10	Basic
(c)	Gastric juice	Red	6	Acidic
(d)	Pure water	Yellow	7	Neutral

 $\mathbf{MnO_2} + x\,\mathbf{HC}l \rightarrow \mathbf{MnC}l_2 + \mathbf{y}\,\,\mathbf{H_2O} + \mathbf{z}\,\,\mathbf{C}l_2$ 

In order to balance the above chemical equation, the values of x, y and z respectively are:

(c) 4, 2, 1

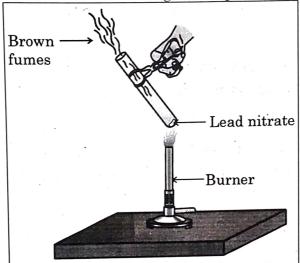
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P.T.O.

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The emission of brown fumes in the given experimental set-up is due to



(a) thermal decomposition of lead nitrate which produces brown fumes of nitrogen dioxide.

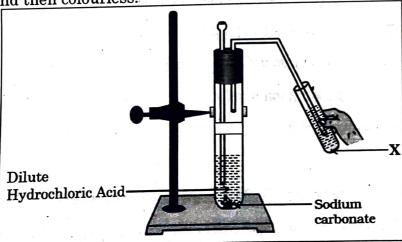
(b) thermal decomposition of lead nitrate which produces brown fumes of lead oxide.

(c) oxidation of lead nitrate forming lead oxide and nitrogen dioxide.

(d) oxidation of lead nitrate forming lead oxide and oxygen.

In the experimental setup given below, it is observed that on passing the gas produced in the reaction in the solution 'X' the solution 'X' first turns

milky and then colourless.



The option that justifies the above stated observation is that 'X' is aqueous calcium hydroxide and

(a) it turns milky due to carbon dioxide gas liberated in the reaction and after sometime it becomes colourless due to formation of calcium carbonate.

\_\_\_ O \_\_\_

1



- (b) it turns milky due to formation of calcium carbonate and on passing excess of carbon dioxide it becomes colourless due to formation of calcium hydrogen carbonate which is soluble in water.
- (c) it turns milky due to passing of carbon dioxide through it. It turns colourless as on further passing carbon dioxide, sodium hydrogen carbonate is formed which is soluble in water.
- (d) the carbon dioxide liberated during the reaction turns lime water milky due to formation of calcium hydrogen carbonate and after some time it turns colourless due to formation of calcium carbonate which is soluble in water.
- 8. Select endothermic reaction from the following:

(a) Decomposition of vegetable matter into compost.

- (b) Decomposition of calcium carbonate to form quick lime and carbon dioxide.
- (c) Burning of a candle.
- (d) Process of respiration.
- 9. Select from the following the correct statement about tropic movement in plants:
  - (a) It is due to stimulus of touch and temperature.
  - (b) It does not depend upon the direction of stimulus received.
  - (c) It is observed only in roots and not in stems.
  - (d) It is a growth related movement.
- 10. The statement that correctly describes the characteristic(s) of a gene is:
  - (a) In individuals of a given species, a specific gene is located on a particular chromosome.
  - (b) A gene is not the information source for making proteins in the cell.
  - (c) Each chromosome has only one gene located all along its length.
  - (d) All the inherited traits in human beings are not controlled by genes.

1

1



11 Consider the following statements about small intestine and select the one which is <u>NOT</u> correct:

1

- (a) The length of the small intestine in animals differs as it depends on the type of food they eat.
- (b) The small intestine is the site of complete digestion of food.
- (c) The small intestine receives secretions from liver and pancreas.
- (d) The villi of the small intestine absorb water from the unabsorbed food before it gets removed from the body via the anus.
- 12. An organism which breaks down the food material outside the body and then absorbs it is

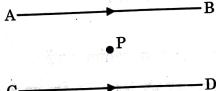
1

- (a) a plant parasite, Cuscuta.
- (b) an animal parasite, Tapeworm.
- (c) a bacteria, Rhizobium.
- (d) a fungi, Rhizopus.



The resultant magnetic field at point 'P' situated midway between two parallel wires (placed horizontally) each carrying a steady current I is

1



- (a) in the same direction as the current in the wires.
- (b) in the vertically upward direction.
- (c) zero
- (d) in the vertically downward direction.

P.T.O.



14.	An e	electric iron of 1500 W, 2	200 V and	a flash light of 500 W, 200 V a	re 1
	used	l in homes. The rating of f	iuse to be	used should be	_
	(a)	5 A	(b)	10 A	
	(c)	15 A	(d)	20 A	
<b>1</b> /5.		lomestic electric circuits t tric devices which have	he wiring	with 15 A current rating is for th	ne 1
	(a)	higher power ratings suc	ch as geys	r.	
	(b)	lower power ratings sucl	n as fan.		,
	(c)	metallic bodies and low	power rati	ngs.	
	(d)	non-metallic bodies and	low power	ratings.	
16.	SO 8	our identical resistors, of raise to give an effective resi	istance $n_s$	8 ohm, are first connected in serie and then connected in parallel in the ratio $\frac{R_s}{R_p}$ is	so 1
	(a)	32	(b)	2	
	(c)	0.5	( <u>d</u> )	16	
	<b>Q</b> . 1	No. 17 to 20 are Assertic	n – Reas	on based questions.	
	mı.	se consist of two stateme se questions selecting the	nts – Ass	ertion (A) and Reason (R). Answ	er
	(a)	Both (A) and (R) are true	e and (R) i	s the correct explanation of (A).	v
	(b)	Both (A) and (R) are true	, but (R) is	not the correct explanation of (A	).
	(c)	(A) is true, but (R) is fals			
	(d)	(A) is false, but (R) is tru		e tal.	

17/	Assertion (A): The strength of the magnetic field produced at the centre of a current carrying circular coil increases on increasing the number of turns in it.	1
	Reason (R): The current in each circular turn has the same direction and the magnetic field due to each turn then just adds up.	
18.	Assertion (A): The anaerobic respiration which takes place in yeast, has one of the end products as an acid.  Reason (R): During anaerobic respiration, there is incomplete breakdown of glucose.	1
19.	Assertion (A): Genes inherited from the parents decide the sex of a child.  Reason (R): X chromosome in a male child is inherited from his father.	1
<b>3</b> 6.	Assertion (A): The colour of aqueous solution of copper sulphate turns	1

Reason (R): Lead is more reactive than copper, and hence displaces copper from its salt solution. (9)

### SECTION - B

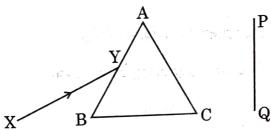
Q. No. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions.

List two reasons to show that the existence of decomposers is essential in an ecosystem.



Anarrow beam XY of white light is passing through a glass prism ABC as shown in the diagram:

2



Trace it on your answer sheet and show the path of the emergent beam as observed on the screen PQ.

Name the phenomenon observed and state its cause.

#### OR

(b) It is observed that the power of an eye to see nearby objects as well as far off objects diminishes with age.

2

- (i) Give reason for the above statement.
- (ii) Name the defect that is likely to arise in the eyes in such a condition.
- (iii) Draw a labelled ray diagram to show the type of corrective lens used for restoring the vision of such an eye.

23. Nam

Name the part of the human excretory system where nephrons are found. Write the structure and function of nephrons.

2

A knife which is used to cut a fruit was immediately dipped into water containing drops of blue litmus solution. If the colour of the solution is changed to red, what inference can be drawn about the nature of the fruit and why?

2

Write the sequence of events that involve response of a person when a dust particle is inhaled through the nose by him.



26. (a) (i) A compound 'X' which is prepared from gypsum has the property of hardening when mixed with proper quantity of water.

2

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

Identify 'X' and write its chemical formula.

(ii) State the difference in chemical composition between baking soda and baking powder.

#### OR

- (b) Write balanced chemical equation for the reaction that occurs when:
  - (i) blue coloured copper sulphate crystals are heated and
  - (ii) Sodium hydrogen carbonate is heated during cooking.

### SECTION - C

Q. No. 27 to 33 are short answer questions.

27. (a) (i) Why does a kitchen garden called an artificial ecosystem while a forest is considered to be a natural ecosystem?

3

(ii) While designing an artificial ecosystem at home, write any two things to be kept in mind to convert it into a self-sustaining system. Give reason to justify your answer.

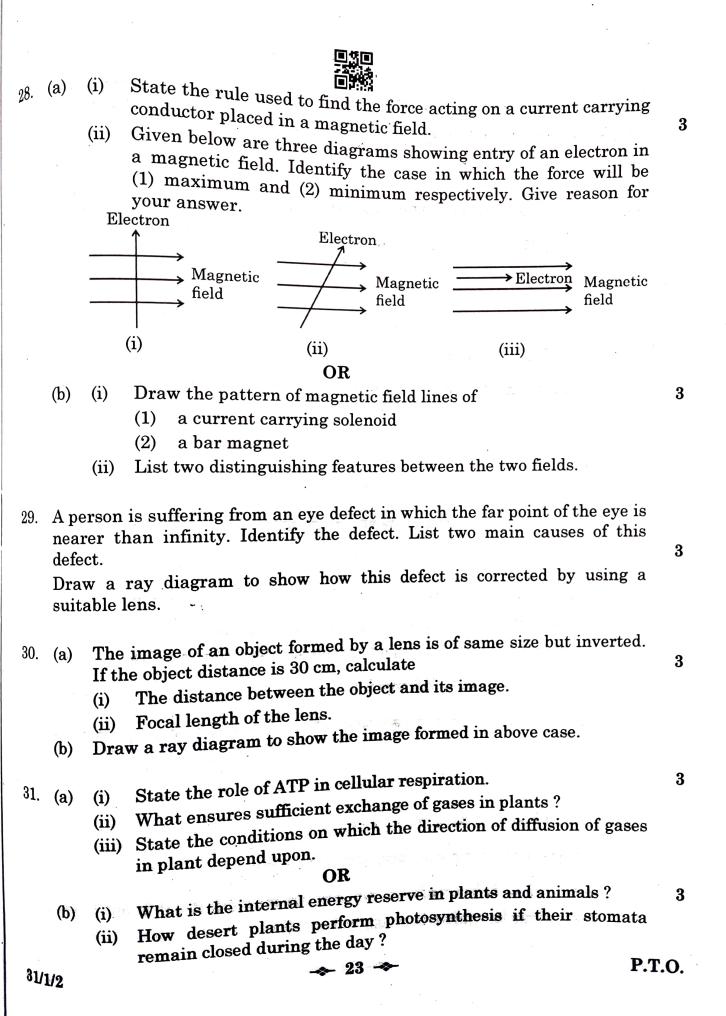
#### OR

(b) (i) Construct a food chain of four trophic levels comprising the following:

Hawk, snake, plants, rat.

3

(ii) 20,000 J of energy was transferred by the producers to the organism of second trophic level. Calculate the amount of energy that will be transferred by organisms of the third trophic level to the organisms of the fourth trophic level.





Write the chemical composition of tooth enamel. Under what conditions of pH it starts corroding? Explain the reason of tooth decay and suggest one method to prevent it.

3

 $_{\mathfrak{Z}}$  (a) Identify the reducing agent in the following reactions :

3

- (i)  $4NH_3 + 5O_2 \rightarrow 4NO + 6H_2O$
- (ii)  $H_2O + F_2 \rightarrow HF + HOF$
- (iii)  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 3\text{CO} \rightarrow 2\text{Fe} + 3\text{CO}_2$
- (iv)  $2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$
- (b) Define a redox reaction in terms of gain or loss of oxygen.

### SECTION - D

Q. No. 34 to 36 are long answer questions.

An electric iron consumes energy at a rate of 880 W when heating is at the maximum rate and 330 W when the heating is at the minimum. If the source voltage is 220 V, calculate the current and resistance in each case.

5

- (b) What is heating effect of electric current?
- (c) Find an expression for the amount of heat produced when a current passes through a resistor for some time.
- 35. (a) What happens when the egg is not fertilised?

5

- (b) How is sperm genetically different from a human egg/ova?
- (c) List any three contraceptive methods practised for family planning.

  Mention how these methods work.

31/1/2



A saturated organic compound 'A' belongs to the homologous series of 36. (a)

5

On heating 'A' with concentrated sulphuric acid at 443 K, it forms an unsaturated compound 'B' with molecular mass 28 u.

The compound 'B' on addition of one mole of hydrogen in the presence of Nickel, changes to a saturated hydrocarbon 'C'.

Identify A, B and C.

- conversion the showing (i) equations Write the chemical (ii)
- (iii) What happens when compound C undergoes combustion?

State one industrial application of hydrogenation reaction.

Name the products formed when compound A reacts with (iv) (v) sodium.

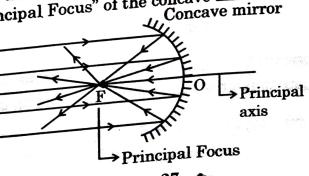
With the help of diagram, show the formation of micelles, when (i) (b)

5

- Take two test tubes X and Y with 10 mL of hard water in each. In test tube 'X', add few drops of soap solution and in test tube (ii) 'Y' add a few drops of detergent solution. Shake both the test tubes for the same period.
  - In which test tube the formation of foam will be more?
  - In which test tube is a curdy solid formed? Why? (2)

### SECTION - E

- Q. No. 37 to 39 are case based / data based questions with 2 to 3 short sub-parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub-parts.
- 37. Hold a concave mirror in your hand and direct its reflecting surface towards the sun. Direct the light reflected by the mirror on to a white card-board held close to the mirror. Move the card-board back and forth gradually until you find a bright, sharp spot of light on the board. This spot of light is the image of the sun on the sheet of paper; which is also termed as "Principal Focus" of the concave mirror. Concave mirror



81/1/2



(a)	List two applications of concave mirror.	1	
(b)	If the distance between the mirror and the principal focus is 15 cm, find the radius of curvature of the mirror.		
(c)	Draw a ray diagram to show the type of image formed when an object is placed between pole and focus of a concave mirror.	2	
	OR		
(c)	An object 10 cm in size is placed at 100 cm in front of a concave mirror. If its image is formed at the same point where the object is located, find:	2	
	(i) focal length of the mirror, and		
	(ii) magnification of the image formed with sign as per Cartesian sign convention.		
hav Whe plar writ	order to trace the inheritance of traits Mendel crossed pea plants ring one contrasting character or a pair of contrasting characters. Here is the crossed pea plants having round and yellow seeds with pearnts having wrinkled and green seeds, he observed that no plants with nkled and green seeds were obtained in the $F_1$ generation. When the generation pea plants were cross-bred by self-pollination, the $F_2$ eration had seeds with different combinations of shape and colour also. Write any two pairs of contrasting characteristics of pea plant used by Mendel other than those mentioned above.	1	
<b>a</b> .	1 in ant and telessive days.	1	
(b)			
(c)	generation (in the above case). What do you interpret from sins result?	2	
(c)	Given below is a cross between a pure violet flowered pea plant (V)  Given below is a cross between a pure violet flowered pea plant (V). Diagrammatically explain		
(C)	and a pure white flowered pea plant and a pure white flowered pea plant and F <sub>2</sub> generation :	2	
	what type of progeny is obtained.  Pure violet flowered plant × Pure white flowered plant.  (v v)	~	
	(V V)		

en to form metal oxides. Metal oxides	ost all metals combine	Almo
ome metal oxides show both basic as	generally basic in natu	are g
t metals show different reactivities	as acidic behaviour.	well
ly while some do not react at all.	ards oxygen. Some react	towa
heated in air? (Give the equation of	What happens when	(a)
	the reaction involved).	
ategorized as amphoteric? Give one	Why are some metal	(b)
	example.	
ns:	Complete the following	(c)
	(i) $Na_2O_{(s)} + H_2O_{(l)}$	
	(ii) $Al_2O_3 + 2 NaOH$	
Y . 4"		
a colourless gas is produced.	On burning Sulphur i	(c)
or the reaction.	(i) Write chemical e	
this on a dry litmus paper?	(iii) State the nature	
on a dry nomes per	(iv) What will be the	
heated in air? (Give the equation of ategorized as amphoteric? Give one as:	generally basic in natural as acidic behaviour. and acidic behaviour. and acidic behaviour. and acidic behaviour. The acidic acidic behaviour. And acidic behaviour. And acidic behaviour. And acidic behaviour in the reaction involved. Why are some metal example.  Complete the following (i) $Na_2O_{(s)} + H_2O_{(l)} - (ii)$ $Al_2O_3 + 2$ NaOH  On burning Sulphur in the following sulphur in the gas for (iii) State the nature $a_1 = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 $	are g well towa (a) (b)